

Health Research Board Annual Report 2005





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- t +353 1 676 1176
- f +353 1 661 1856
- e hrb@hrb.ie
- w www.hrb.ie

## Health Research Board Annual Report 2005



## Mission

## To improve health through research and information

In 2005 the Health Research Board continued to deliver successful results in line with the objectives set out in the Corporate Strategy 2002–2006:

- To encourage the creation and application of knowledge for health and social gain, the growth of intellectual property and evidence relevant to health and social gain and the emergence of a knowledge-based health system, economy and society
- To be the lead national organisation in relation to support for scientific research for health and social gain, including basic and translational research, health services research, population health and practice-based research
- To promote the growth of a value-added research and development capability in the health system, in partnership with other relevant health organisations
- To impact on health and social policy and services through high-quality research and information
- To be the main advocate for the development of research for health and social gain
- To make the HRB an employer of choice in its field



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## **Board Members in 2005**

## Professor Desmond Fitzgerald (Chairman)

Vice-President for Research University College Dublin

#### Dr Bernard Mahon

Director, Institute of Immunology National University of Ireland, Maynooth

## Dr Rebecca Cramp

Scientific & Regulatory Affairs Manager Irish Pharmaceutical Healthcare Association

### Professor Owen Corrigan

School of Pharmacy Trinity College, Dublin

### **Professor Tom Cotter**

Department of Biochemistry University College Cork

## Mr Niall Daly

McNulty Boylan and Partners, Solicitors Cork

## Mr David Doran

Chief Executive, The Children's Medical & Research Foundation
Our Lady's Hospital for Sick Children

## Professor William Hall

Professor of Medicinal Microbiology University College Dublin

## Mr Tom Mooney

Deputy Secretary, Finance Department of Health and Children

#### Professor Dermot Kelleher

Department of Clinical Medicine Trinity College Dublin

### Dr Kevin Kelleher

Director of Public Health Mid-Western Health Board

### Professor Hannah McGee

Director, Health Services Research Centre Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland

### Professor Tim O'Brien

Department of Medicine National University of Ireland, Galway

## **Professor Tony Pembroke**

Dept of Chemical & Environmental Sciences University of Limerick

### **Professor Anne Scott**

School of Nursing Dublin City University

#### **Professor Bob Stout**

Director, Research and Development Office DHSSPS, Northern Ireland



## Chairman's Statement

# The year 2005 was a time for consolidation and preparation at the HRB.

An increase of almost a third in the annual revenue grant from the Department of Health and Children meant we were able to consolidate programmes of support for research. In addition to this, Ms Mary Harney TD, Tánaiste and Minister for Health and Children agreed to support the HRB five-year *Investment Programme for Research for Health and Wealth*. This meant that for the first time, the HRB could plan investments to build health research capacity in the medium term.

A major objective of this investment programme is to build world-class capacity in health research, particularly in the clinical area. Ireland has the potential to make a significant contribution at global level to clinical research that will improve patient outcomes. However, this can only take place if the necessary investments are made to support people to do the research, funding is available for their programmes of research and they have access to state of the art facilities and equipment needed to do research at the cutting edge.

During 2005 investments under this programme were made with the appointment of the first two Irish clinician scientists, the establishment of a national imaging centre for health research at St James's Hospital, and support for the purchase of ultra-sound equipment in all the major maternity hospitals. This equipment will be used to screen expectant mothers to understand the causes of low-birth weight babies. We were pleased that the Industrial Development Authority agreed to work with the successful principal investigators on these infrastructure projects to maximise the impact of the HRB investment with the multi-national imaging industry.

The HRB was particularly pleased to appoint the first two Irish clinician scientists and support their research programmes to the value of €3 million over five years. The objective of the awards is to enable some of our best clinicians to focus on research while still retaining a small clinical service responsibility. I am confident that the award recipients, Dr Joe Keane in TCD/St James's Hospital and Dr Mary Cannon, RCSI/ Beaumont Hospital will make a major contribution to advancing knowledge in their respective fields of respiratory disease and mental illness as a result of these awards.

The HRB also participated in or supported a number of initiatives that we know will have positive results in the near future. The most significant was perhaps the partnership with the Wellcome Trust and other funding bodies in the UK to provide support for world-class clinical research facilities that

will benefit human health. The Wellcome Trust/HRB call was issued in July 2005 and results are expected in the middle of 2006.

The HRB welcomes recognition by the economic development agencies - Forfás, IDA and Enterprise Ireland - of the strategic significance of health research and of the Investment Programme in Research for Health and Wealth in the context of their objective of building national research and development capacity. HRB has worked closely with these agencies and the other research funding bodies to develop a framework to support commercialisation of knowledge from research to enhance Ireland's knowledge economy and society. In this context, the HRB welcomed the decision of the newly appointed Science Advisory Council to undertake a review of health research to establish the critical steps needed to strengthen health research capacity in Ireland.

The HRB also worked closely with the Department of Health and Children to prepare the submission on health for the draft *Strategy for Science, Technology and Innovation*, which will form an important building block of the next National Development Programme. The HRB stressed the potential in this country to develop world-class research in health research, in experimental or translational research and clinical research in particular as well as to the contribution of research and high quality information to improve the quality of the health system. The Strategy will be published next year.

The legislation establishing the Health Service Executive gave it a mandate to develop a strong research function in the health service, which the HRB welcomes. To acknowledge the common interest of the HRB and the HSE in developing a strong culture of research in the health service, the HRB hosted a joint meeting of the boards of the HRB and the HSE in October to hear a lecture from Professor John Williams, Director of Research and Development in the Welsh health service on the challenge to developing a strong health research culture in Wales.

The Board was pleased that the CEO, Dr Ruth Barrington, was appointed to the Board of the interim Health Information and Quality Agency, which was established during the year. The interim board has a mandate to prepare for the appointment of the permanent authority, which will be responsible for improving the quality of health and social care, the governance of health information systems and health technology assessment.

I would like to thank Dr Don Thornhill and the members of the international panel who reviewed the operation of the HRB on an organisation wide basis in 2005. Their analysis of the environmental factors shaping the HRB, their understanding of HRB strengths and their stretching recommendations for the future development of the organisation were invaluable and will form an agenda for change in the HRB in the coming year.

The ongoing support and dedication of my fellow Board members must be acknowledged. As part of their commitment to excellence and in the context of the wider review of the organisation of the HRB, the Board in 2005 reviewed its operations to ensure that it was contributing maximum value to the achievement of objectives of the HRB. The review highlighted a number of ways that the Board could maximise impact with the time they have available and some changes were made to ensure the Board focus more on strategy and policy.

The commitment and professionalism of the staff of the HRB was demonstrated yet again in 2005. I would like to thank them for their hard work and support during the year and look forward to working with them again in 2006.

Professor Desmond Fitzgerald, FRCPI Chairman

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## Chief Executive's Report

# The Health Research Board had a highly productive year in 2005.

Mary Harney TD, Tánaiste and Minister for Health and Children, agreed to make €50 million in capital available for an investment programme in research for health and wealth over five years, beginning in 2005. This was in addition to a significant increase in the Department of Health and Children's annual revenue grant to the HRB. These increases allowed the HRB to increase the volume and range of its support for research and information systems.

A decisive step was made to partner the Wellcome Trust in the Clinical Research Initiative for the United Kingdom and Ireland. This will help meet a major long-term objective of the HRB to establish a network of clinical research centres which will link the university medical schools and their academic hospitals in undertaking research that will improve outcomes for patients.

The appointment of the first two HRB clinician scientists also marked a major advance in strengthening capacity in clinical research. The HRB is committed to funding many more of these posts, but is constrained by the existing terms of the current medical consultant contract and the long delays in agreeing changes to that contract.

Medical education was the centre of attention in 2005. I was a member of the Postgraduate Medical Education and Training Group, chaired by Dr Jane Buttimer, which reported during the year. The recommendations of the Buttimer Report have significant implications for the training of medical graduates, and for the way in which the HRB currently supports those who are committed to gaining expertise in research. The Report recommends that the HRB support structured PhD programmes. The publication of the Report coincided with an evaluation of the HRB clinical research fellowship programme by a review group established by the Board. The work of this group is leading to significant changes in the way HRB supports clinical research training for medical graduates.

A highlight of the year was the HRB-sponsored lecture, 'It takes two to tango', delivered at the Royal Irish Academy in February by Professor Jonathan Lomas, director of the Canadian Health Services Research Foundation. The subject of the lecture was knowledge brokering – bringing policy makers and researchers together. Professor Lomas gave examples of how knowledge brokering between health policy

makers and researchers operates in his own organisation in Canada, indicating both the challenges and the rewards in building contacts between these two groups.

The HRB and the Northern Ireland R&D Office published a consultation paper on the proposed all-island GeneLibrary, which will be a vital resource for researchers. Under this proposal, 10,000 volunteers on the island of Ireland would agree to contribute their medical history and a blood sample for the purposes of establishing a unique control sample of the population. Once information from the medical history and the blood sample are matched, the record would be irreversibly anonymised. Consultation with the research community began with a seminar which examined the value and scope of the proposal, and was still in progress as the year ended.

The HRB is committed to supporting research on global health challenges, particularly on poverty-related diseases that take such a toll of human life in developing countries. The HRB was pleased to agree a Memorandum of Understanding with Irish Aid whereby the HRB will organise calls to the research community for proposals linked to objectives of Irish Aid. The HRB will administer these awards and Irish Aid will fund the programme. The first Global Health Research awards will be made in 2006.

During the year, the HRB played a significant role in co-ordinating policies and operations among research funding bodies and economic development agencies. The Research Funders' Forum is helping

to increase coherence among the research funding bodies. The HRB was also involved in an initiative led by Enterprise Ireland to develop the agreed framework for commercialisation of intellectual property funded jointly by industry and public bodies. I joined the Medical Technology Council established by the Irish Medical Devices Association to assist in co-ordinating efforts to support a research-friendly environment for the development of medical devices.

The HRB continued to monitor the implementation of the EU Clinical Trials Directive, and expressed its concern to the Department of Health about the difficulties the implementation of the national regulations was causing for clinical trial activity in Ireland.

At European level, I chaired the working group of the European Strategy Forum charged with developing a priority list of research infrastructures for biology and medical science to be included in the first European roadmap for research infrastructure, which will be published in October 2006. This list was presented to the Commissioner in April 2005 and was later included in the Commission's proposals for the Seventh Framework Programme, the European Union's main instrument for funding research and development, that were subsequently adopted by the Council of Ministers.

The research and information programmes which are conducted at the HRB had a number of successes in 2005:

- The HRB was invited by the Government to develop and maintain a Drug-Related Deaths Index.
- The HRB published the first report from the National Physical and Sensory Disability Database, providing the first comprehensive information on the services requirements of the population with such disabilities.
- The HRB launched the first study of levels of psychological stress in Ireland.
- The HRB undertook to commission research studies on the impact of demographic change on demand for health services and on a resource allocation model for the Irish health system. The research will be commissioned in partnership with the Health Service Executive.
- Based on its extensive research on the role of folic acid in preventing neural tube defects in children, the HRB made a submission to the National Committee on Folic Acid Food Fortification strongly recommending that the Government make it mandatory to fortify staple foods such as flour with folic acid at a level that international research has shown to be effective in preventing these devastating disabilities in children.

A major challenge for the HRB in 2005 was the review of the entire organisation to establish the extent to which it was delivering on the objectives of the corporate strategy 2002–2006 and to help formulate a programme of quality improvement for the future.

The review involved a self-assessment exercise against a European standard, stakeholder and staff surveys, a review by the Board of its performance, and a visit over three days by a panel of national and international experts in research funding, health information systems and organisational development. The panel's report confirmed the HRB's success in achieving its corporate objectives but commented on the urgent need for a new strategy to adapt to the rapidly changing external environment. It recommended significant changes in the way the organisation is structured to enable the HRB to cope better with the challenges facing it.

I would like to thank the members of the Board and the staff for the enthusiastic manner in which they embarked on this innovative and demanding review project. I am most grateful to the members of the external panel, chaired by Dr Don Thornhill, for the skill and expertise that they brought to the task of assessing the performance of the HRB and making recommendations for the future development of the organisation.

I would like to extend my thanks and appreciation to the Chairman, Professor Desmond Fitzgerald, and to the members of the Board for their excellent leadership of the organisation and for their commitment to developing the capacity of the HRB to support research and information systems of the highest quality.



Ruth Barrington PhD
Chief Executive



## Research funded by the HRB

The HRB funding allocation from the Department of Health and Children increased in 2005. Capital funding of €50 million was also committed by the Department for the period 2005–2009 to support the Investment Programme in Research for Health and Wealth. This meant that the HRB was well placed to support capacity building and infrastructure.

The HRB proposes to use this additional funding in a strategic way to strengthen clinical research and build research and development capacity in the health system. The aim is to harness research to produce better patient outcomes and improved health in the population. Initiatives funded will also contribute to more effective and marketable diagnostics, pharmaceuticals and information technologies.

New and innovative awards were introduced throughout the year to meet these objectives. Awards worth €3 million were made to clinician investigators – medical consultants who focus on world-class research in areas that will have direct benefits for patient care. There was additional investment to support research programmes directly linked to the objectives of the health service. Further funding was also allocated to increase national capacity in imaging equipment for

health research and to develop an initial proposal for an all-island GeneLibrary which will contain a large body of samples for genetic research.

The HRB continued to support existing grant programmes that have proven successful and yielded excellent results. A new research funding online newsletter, *Research Funding News*, was introduced, which features detailed information about upcoming programmes and success stories.

## Funding awarded

Funding provided under *science for health* supports investigator-led research in the health, life and social sciences that improves our understanding of health and disease and contributes to the discovery of improved therapies. The HRB provided 108 research awards across nine schemes in 2005 from a total of 598 applications received. A further 107 awards were made to build capacity through student summer schemes and science writing workshops.

A total of 125 peer-reviewed publications based on HRB funded research were published in 2005.

A number of other successful initiatives were also supported.

HRB scholars were literally climbing walls to celebrate the success of their PhD training schemes and the announcement that the HRB will provide additional funding to develop new HRB scholar sites for PhD training. The decision to underpin the new sites was based on a successful evaluation of an existing HRB scholar site in Trinity College Institute of Neuroscience. Institutions will be invited to apply in 2006 to establish HRB scholar sites which will focus on biomedical and clinical sciences, health services research or epidemiology and public health.



Dana Kilroy and Kevin Murphy, Institute of Neuroscience TCD

### **CASE STUDY**

## New links between medical research and patient care

The new awards to support medical consultants in undertaking world-class research in areas that have direct benefits for patient care are the first of their kind in Ireland. Two awards, worth a total of €3 million, were presented to the new Clinician Scientists by the Tánaiste and Minister for Health and Children, Mary Harney, in May 2005. Both recipients are consultants who have developed a strong research interest in their specialised field, guided by their experience of patient care and the most recent information about emerging trends.

Dr Mary Cannon, a senior lecturer in RCSI and a consultant in Beaumont Hospital, will investigate the onset of schizophrenia in young adults. The project will monitor the brain development of at-risk young adults using a variety of imaging techniques and psychological assessments with a view to improving early detection and prevention.

Dr Joe Keane, a consultant in respiratory medicine at St James's Hospital in Dublin, will focus on new ways to prevent and treat tuberculosis. This is a chronic lung disease, which claims the lives of two million people worldwide each year. The incidence of this disease has increased in Ireland since 2003.

Speaking at the launch of the awards, the Tánaiste said that, to realise the benefit of the millions invested by the Government in research in the life sciences, in biotechnology and in developing this country's research infrastructure, we must improve links between the laboratory and the delivery of patient care. She believes that these awards will succeed in forging these links, as well as in raising the profile of Irish health research and improving patient outcomes.



Prof Des Fitgerald, Chairman, HRB, Dr Mary Cannon, RCSI, Dr Joe Keane, St. James's Hosptial

The third issue in the HRB's Picture of Health series, A Picture of Health: A selection of Irish health research 2005, was published during the year. Building on the success of past issues, it effectively promoted the key research outcomes from the project grants completed during the year. This popular presentation of research findings continues to help make health research relevant to a broader audience.

Participation in the BA Science Festival 2005 was a further opportunity to bring health research issues to the general public. The HRB joined forces with the British Council to host a public debate on alcohol, Sláinte: To our good health? An expert panel from around Europe, chaired by Brian Dobson from RTÉ, posed questions such as: Has our culture of hard drinking spun out of control? if so, should we be concerned? Can taking alcohol in moderation be good for your health? The lively debate included participation by the audience of industry experts, researchers, public health representatives and the general public.

Funding offered under *R&D* for health is targeted at developing a structure within the health system to support research and development that will encourage the application of knowledge to health problems and increase the effectiveness of the health system in achieving its goals. Given the changes under way in the HSE in 2005, it is important to build new relations and continue to keep the support for research active in the health services.

Based on the success of the Health Services Research and Development awards in 2004, a second call was issued to encourage further capacity building in R&D within the health services. A total of 27 proposals were received and five awards were made for projects that are specifically linked to the goals and priorities of the health strategy.

Working in co-operation with the Medical Research Charities Group (MRCG), the HRB launched a new scheme to help tackle rare disease. A total of €600,000 will be awarded to three research fellows to help increase knowledge and build research capacity, leading to improved treatment and care for people suffering from a rare disease in Ireland. Rare diseases are classified as life-threatening or chronically debilitating diseases that affect fewer than five people in every 10,000. Examples of rare diseases in Ireland are cystic fibrosis, muscular dystrophy and epidermolysis bullosa.

The HRB also signed a Memorandum of Understanding with Irish Aid to work collaboratively to support global health research and to increase research capacity in developing countries. This award scheme aims to generate high-quality research evidence directly related to the policy areas of the Irish aid programme and to build research capacity in developing countries. It will promote international partnerships in global health research, with particular emphasis on collaborative projects involving Irish research institutions.

## Evaluation of research programmes

Evaluation is essential to ensure that the funding invested meets the objectives and achieves value for money. Among the reviews carried out by the HRB in 2005 were the mid-term review of the five-year programme grants and progress reviews of the PhD scholar sites and the career development schemes, with a special focus on the clinical research training fellowship scheme. A working group is being established to consider detailed recommendations following the review of the clinical research training fellowship scheme.

## Review of ICORG

Since 2002, the HRB has invested €9 million in building a strong infrastructure for clinical trials in ten hospitals, all members of the All-Ireland Cooperative Group.

An additional €0.6 million was awarded in the form of a planning grant to ICORG, the Irish Clinical Oncology Research Group. ICORG acts as a central support office for the All-Ireland Cooperative Group of hospitals, supporting the initiation and conduct of cancer clinical trials in the hospitals and working with Irish investigators and organisations worldwide to increase the number of clinical trials available to cancer patients across the island.

During 2005, all components of the All-Ireland Cooperative Group were assessed, including trial activity in the hospitals and progress made with the planning grant application to ICORG for centralised support. The assessment panel acknowledged that ICORG had made progress in a number of areas and suggested that the group increase the number and type of trials available to cancer patients across the country. ICORG conducted a review and will deliver a response in early 2006 outlining their actions to tackle the changes proposed by the panel.

Table 1	Summary	of	funding	awarded	in	2005

Award schemes 2005	No. of applicants	No. of awards
Career support schemes		
Clinician Scientist Awards	13	2
PhD Training Sites	17	2
Post Doctoral Fellowships	45	8
Clinical Research Training Fellowships	43	8
• •	24	
Fellowships in Health Services Research	2 <del>4</del> 19	4 4
Clinical Research Fellowships in Nursing and Midwifery		
NCI Summer Curriculum	20	17
Cancer Prevention Fellowship	1	1
Cochrane Fellowships	10	6
Summer Students	117	46
Research grants		
Project Grants – General	310	75
Programme Grants	36	3
Partnerships Awards	23	10
Strategic R&D Awards	27	5
Rare Diseases Research Awards	7	3
Infrastructure		
Imaging Awards	5	2
Health Information Systems Awards	20	6
Training and workshops		
HRB / British Council science writing workshops	101	60
Grant writing workshops	150	150
Cochrane three-day course on systematic reviews	73	39
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Total	1061	451
	1001	.01

## Building capacity for health research

In 2005, the HRB led a number of support schemes for researchers and health professionals and provided seminars and courses to build capacity by supporting careers, training and infrastructure.

A new call was issued for four career development schemes which will be funded in 2006. Applications have been submitted and are currently undergoing peer review.

Science writing workshops continued to be popular. They help researchers develop skills in writing up their research in an effective way. One workshop this year was hosted with the British Council and the other with the national Alimentary Pharmabiotics Centre in University College Cork.

In an innovative approach to developing research capacity in the health services, the HRB hosted a series of workshops for people interested in doing such research. The purpose of these workshops was to highlight funding opportunities and to provide advice on how to apply successfully for funding.

The Cochrane collaboration began to pick up pace with the launch of another call for Cochrane fellowships, a series of three-day courses on conducting systematic reviews, and preparations for the World Cochrane Colloquium in Dublin in 2006. Irish researchers continued to enjoy the benefits of free access to the Cochrane Library with 124,255 users in 2005.

## Working in partnership

A new working relationship was formed with INSERM, the French health research agency. Initial meetings resulted in a survey being conducted of all collaborations between researchers funded by the HRB and researchers in France. Initiatives being considered for 2006 include setting up an exchange programme between the two sets of researchers.

The Ireland–Northern Ireland–National Cancer Institute Cancer Consortium.
Calls were developed and advertised for joint research fellowship schemes, the cancer prevention fellowship scheme and the summer curriculum in cancer prevention. Work continued in endeavour to highlight the key challenges to the clinical trials network.

The HRB agreed a common approach to funding policies in terms of the Protection of Employees (Fixed Term Work) Act and maternity leave for researchers, in collaboration with other agencies through the Standing Committee of the Research Funding Bodies.

The HRB is working with the Wellcome Trust to introduce a major new initiative to support key clinical research infrastructure in Ireland. The Irish strategy for health research, *Making Knowledge Work for Health*, identified clinical research facilities as a priority for building health research capacity in Ireland. The HRB and the Wellcome Trust have a strong track record of providing high-quality clinical research environments and building capacity. During 2005, the HRB and the Wellcome Trust invited proposals in two related areas:

- The development of new and existing clinical research facilities.
- Support for enabling technologies/ infrastructure for clinical research.

This is an exciting development for the research community and for health in Ireland. Results of the peer-review process will be announced in July 2006.



## **National Information Systems**

The HRB manages five national information systems which provide quality information for the planning, monitoring, and evaluation of health services disability, drug misuse and mental health. These information systems also provide an invaluable source of information for further research. The HRB plays a vital role in the organisation and development of the information systems, ensuring valid and reliable data, analysing and reporting the data and disseminating the information to relevant stakeholders.

The restructuring associated with the establishment of the Health Service Executive (HSE) presented a new challenge for the information systems divisions in 2005. Data from the previous year had been submitted from the original health boards, but had to be reported to reflect the new structures in place. This challenge was dealt with effectively and software was updated to reflect and report through the new HSE structures.

Some of the major developments in 2005 included:

## National Physical and Sensory Disability Database (NPSDD)

The first annual report of the NPSDD Committee was published, containing information collected in 2004. This data was analysed and will be used as an indictor to inform service planners of the needs of people with physical and sensory disability nationwide.

An action plan was developed in response to the evaluation of the NPSDD. This was a useful exercise as it brought together various stakeholders who identified priorities for improvement.

The HRB made significant contributions to the publication of international classification of functioning and devised the 'Measure of Ability and Participation'. The Economic and Social Research Institute will take the national aspect of this project to the next stage.

A user manual was developed for telephone updating of NPSDD registrations and training was provided to people who will use the system.

### **CASE STUDY**

## First National Physical and Sensory Disability Database Report

The NPSDD was established to ensure that information is available to enable the Department of Health and Children, the HSE and the non-statutory sector to provide appropriate services designed to meet the changing needs of people with a physical or sensory disability. The database is intended to provide a comprehensive and accurate information base for decision making in relation to the planning, funding and management of services for people with a physical or sensory disability and, for the first time, to set priorities based on an objective evaluation of the needs of the population receiving or requiring specialised health and personal social services.

Progress towards reaching the target number of records on the database in 2004 was good. From the data it is possible to find out the gender, age profile, accommodation needs, services currently provided and services required for the population registered on the database. This information is essential in planning services for the future.

## National Intellectual Disability Database (NIDD)

The NIDD Annual Report was published ahead of schedule, in September, meaning that decisions about service provision in 2006 can be based on the most up-to-date information available. Regional bulletins were produced to ensure that each HSE area could clearly identify key findings and requirements for their area. The national competition to design the cover of the annual report was again an outstanding success, with more than 300 entries from service users nationwide. The winner was Francis Gleeson from Nenagh who is actively involved in Ormond Resources,

where he produces arts, crafts and candles as well as painting.

New NIDD software is now installed in more than 100 sites. Multiple users at each site were supported throughout the implementation process and during the course of the year. A documentation resource was developed within the NIDD software and materials were uploaded in December. This means that support materials and regional analysis of data will be possible for users online.

Throughout the year, training was provided to encourage and support the regional use of both disability databases and to ensure that users could produce reports and interpret the information effectively. A protocol was introduced for access to these two databases at national and regional levels to maximise security of information.

## National Drug Treatment Reporting System (NDTRS)

From the start of the year, existing participants in the NDTRS began submitting their data for 2005. This will bring the records of the databases up to date and will mean that the HRB can collate, analyse and report on the information gathered in the same year. This is extremely useful for identifying areas of need and furnishing service providers with the most recent information available to inform decision making.

A proactive approach was taken to developing participation in the NDTRS, which will help ensure more complete datasets. This, in turn, will give a more accurate picture of treated drug use in Ireland.

Collection of 2004 data at outpatient, inpatient and low-threshold services was almost complete by 2005. Following a concerted effort to encourage general practitioners to participate, significant progress was made during the year in collecting data for the years 2001 to 2004.

Prison services will report to the NDTRS from 2006 onwards and HRB staff are in the process of developing a database to facilitate this. Negotiations are under way with alcohol services in Dublin, Kildare and Wicklow with a view to their providing information about people presenting for treatment from 2005; these discussions are progressing well.

In 2004, an access database was developed to enable direct data entry from the centres providing a service to people who present for treatment for drug misuse. During 2005, research analysts, trained data co-ordinators and service providers in coding and entering the data at source.

Three reports based on information from the NDTRS were published during the year. These reports looked at trends in treated drug use in Ireland from 1998 to 2002. They showed that 33,350 people aged between 15 and 64 years were treated for problem drug use in Ireland. The reports compared trends in the numbers of cases in Dublin, Kildare and Wicklow (the greater Dublin area) with those in the rest of the country. They revealed that, while the number of new cases in the greater Dublin area decreased between 2000 and 2002, the number of new cases outside this area increased by 300% between 1998 and 2002. The reports also highlighted the risk behaviours associated with drug use, including polydrug use, which can lead to overdose, and injecting drug use, which is linked to acquiring bloodborne viruses.

Working closely with key Irish agencies and using information from the NDTRS, staff helped to address the priority information needs in the area of drug misuse in Ireland. Staff also had an active role on the National Advisory Committee on Drugs.

## National Psychiatric In-patient Reporting System (NPIRS)

NPIRS data was successfully submitted by all in-patient psychiatric units and hospitals on a quarterly basis. The HRB provided ongoing software support through the HRB PAS database, as well as by regular liaison with hospital staff who work with the system. Promotional efforts continue to encourage hospitals and units to submit data to NPIRS electronically.

Data collected by NPIRS was used to produce a detailed annual report on all psychiatric admissions and discharges in Ireland during 2004. As part of a customer service initiative, an evaluation questionnaire based on the annual NPIRS report was included in this year's report. The recommendations arising from this survey will be incorporated into future publications.

Information from the database was also used to produce regional bulletins specific to each HSE area twice a year. These help to facilitate decision making in relation to service provision at a local level.

Performance indicator reports were produced for the HSE areas and the Department of Health and Children. These quarterly reports provide comparable data for each local health office (LHO) in terms of admission, legal category, diagnosis and length of stay of all acute psychiatric in-patients in Ireland.

## **Community Care Database**

In response to changing patterns of patient care, the HRB has developed a new database called COMCAR, designed to record mental health activity at community care level. The COMCAR database is now in use at eight locations around the country. The database has been customised to user needs and specific versions have been created for outpatient clinics, day centres, day hospitals, liaison psychiatry and old age psychiatry. This work has been crucial in guiding ongoing work on the new web-based national mental health information system. The COMCAR team is working closely with the HSE on a pilot project planned for Donegal.



## Research conducted in-house

## Child Health

The child health work programme has focused around the collaborative research programme with the National Institute of Child Health and Human Development (NICHD) and Trinity College Dublin (TCD) on congenital malformations and other adverse pregnancy outcomes.

Based on last year's groundbreaking research that showed the relationship between folic acid and risk of neural tube defects (NTDs) in pregnancy among the Irish population, the HRB made a submission to the National Committee on Folic Acid Food Fortification to emphasise the importance of fortifying a staple food, like flour, with folic acid.

The same findings, which were part of a collaborative study with Trinity College Dublin and the National Institutes of Health in the US, provided the scientific evidence for an advertising campaign by the Food Safety Authority of Ireland to encourage women of childbearing age to take folic acid supplements in their diet, whether they were intending to become pregnant or not.

Eight papers on related research were published in international journals and two papers were presented at an international meeting on neural tube defects in London.

### Mental Health

## Family support study

A new study was undertaken to explore the experiences, needs and support requirements of families with direct exposure to mental illness. The study involved semi-structured interviews with 40–50 people who were close relatives of a person with an enduring mental illness (defined as an illness lasting for more than two years and requiring ongoing visits to a mental care service).

The research aims to find out what supports are currently available to families, whether families use them, if they are satisfied with them, and what other supports are needed. This information can then be used to inform service providers and policy makers so they can design effective services for families who support people with illnesses such as schizophrenia and depressive disorders.

## Psychological distress – do we use services or seek help?

A new survey of psychological stress in a random sample of the Irish population aims to find out how many people suffered from psychological distress in the previous 12 months, whether they availed of a service for their problem and whether they would be willing to seek help for psychological problems in the future.

The HRB has commissioned the Economic and Social Research Institute to carry out the survey by telephone. Results will be available in 2006 and it is hoped that they will provide sufficient information for service planners to design early intervention programmes to prevent or reduce psychological distress.

## **Drug Misuse**

## The illicit drug market

The impact of drug use and drug markets can affect people's physical and psychological health. It is important to research the potential impact that this can have. Examining drug crimes and markets, it is possible to identify ways to help disrupt drug markets which would in turn reduce the potential impact they have indirectly or directly on health.

During 2005, the HRB published new research on the illicit drug market in Ireland. The research pulls together information from existing data sources and research on illicit drug markets. It identifies trends over time and highlights knowledge gaps. The research found that the drug market continues to grow in spite of huge global investment to eliminate it. Based on a commonly used estimation that the amount of drugs seized represents only 10% of the total imported, the combined estimated market value in Ireland for cannabis resin, ecstasy, cocaine, heroin, amphetamines, cannabis and LSD was €650 million in 2003.

The report reviews data from the Garda Síochána, the customs authorities, the Forensic Science Laboratory and drug users themselves. The author concludes that, because this data is collected by a variety of groups, each for their own purposes, there are gaps in the information and a lack of consistency in processes. The research points to the need for all the data to be complied and researched annually in order to improve our understanding of how the drug market works. This, in turn, would make it possible to identify how the market could be disrupted and to monitor the effect of law enforcement efforts.

## **CASE STUDY**

## Drug-related deaths in Ireland

The HRB published the first comprehensive overview of drug-related deaths in Ireland in June 2005. This review, the first issue in the HRB's Overview series, analyses data collected from a variety of sources\* in Ireland between 1990 and 2002. The trends identified show a substantial increase in drug-related deaths between 1995 and 2000 from 43 to 119, falling in 2001 to 88, with a small rise in 2002, to 91. This pattern reflects trends in Europe.

To date, deaths as an indirect result of drug use are not systematically documented and have been assessed only in localised studies within Dublin. The findings of the Overview indicate an underestimation of opiate-related deaths in Dublin and a lack of information about deaths as a result of other drugs. The National Drugs Strategy has identified the need for precise information on drug-related deaths as a priority area for research. For this purpose, the HRB was invited during the year to develop a National Drug-Related Deaths Index to collect and record data on drug-related deaths and deaths among drug users.

Work commenced on this initiative immediately. The index is an essential tool because drug-related deaths and deaths among drug users are indicators of drug misuse in Ireland. Accurate data will help identify the size of the problem and will indicate more precisely the causes of death. In time, this will allow policy makers, service planners and practitioners to develop appropriate responses to the consequences of drug misuse and to monitor the impact of supply and criminal justice issues, prevention measures, harm reduction intervention and rehabilitation responses.

\*Sources for the initial review of drug related deaths were the General Mortality Register, studies that had extracted data from the Coroners office, the Central Treatment List and infectious disease statistics. Key research findings, information and news on drug misuse were also disseminated through the *Drugnet Ireland* newsletter. Due to demand and the growing availability of new findings, four issues were published during the year.

## European research

The drugs division is a national focal point for the European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction (EMCDDA). Research and information on the drug situation in Ireland is compiled every year and sent to the EMCDDA. Work is ongoing to:

- Maintain the Irish contribution to the European Database on Demand Reduction Activities – 10 new projects were added to the database in 2005.
- Develop the five existing epidemiological key indicators of drug misuse with a view to improving national data sources and increasing the comparability of Irish and EU data.
- Collaborate with other focal points in the REITOX network on the conceptualisation of new indicators of drug misuse and the identification of new areas for research. Two structured questionnaires, on alternatives to prison for drug users and on policy and institutional frameworks, were finalised during the year for inclusion in the EMCDDA work plan 2006.
- Provide national reports and information exchange on the drug situation in Ireland to the EMCDDA and help disseminate the findings in Ireland.

## Disseminating the results of research – The National Documentation Centre on Drug Use (NDC)

The NDC is a unique information resource providing Irish researchers with access to electronic and hard-copy research documentation on all aspects of drug use. It provides valuable support to researchers, media and the public.

During 2005 the capacity of the library continued to increase:

- The website was re-launched to help profile the library materials in a more user-friendly way.
- Compared to 2004 figures, there was an 18% increase in the number of queries received by the NDC, a 75% increase in the number of new users and a 100% increase in the number of unique visitors to the website.
- A monthly electronic newsletter on the latest work in drug-use research was produced and circulated to 216 subscribers.
- The NDC's library collection increased by 500 volumes.
- The NDC's information services were developed and enhanced to ensure an efficient, thorough and well-presented delivery of information to the users of these services.



## **Corporate Services**

Corporate services underpin the operational environment in which staff carry out their work, and provide support to the Board. Creating the best possible environment will lead to greater productivity and a more positive employee culture. A major focus for all staff in 2005, from a corporate perspective, was the organisational review (see case study insert).

Other key achievements are highlighted under the headings below.

## Finance

In 2005 the Department of Health and Children committed €50 million over five years to support the HRB's Investment Programme in Research for Health and Wealth and the Department's annual revenue grant to the HRB increased significantly. The HRB used the additional funding available in 2005 to increase the number of research awards made and to grant-aid the purchase of research equipment and other infrastructure.

The internal auditors conducted reviews of the research grants administration procedures and the value for money procedures within the HRB.

Work commenced on the development of an online management accounting reporting system for implementation in 2006, and budgeting and financial planning procedures were enhanced.

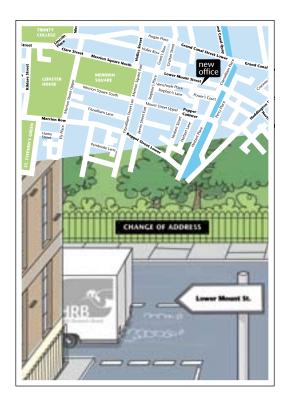
## Information and communications technology (ICT)

Work continued on the implementation of the HRB's ICT strategy, which included the installation of broadband for all teleworkers, a new firewall server with improved security, and upgraded antivirus software on all computers. In consultation with the HRB's Partnership Committee, the ICT and Internet usage policy was updated.

The development of the functionality of the HRB website continued during 2005 and an extranet was built to allow the Board and members of research award selection panels to access relevant documentation online.

## **Facilities**

A full review of the HRB's accommodation requirements was conducted during 2005 and ministerial approval was granted for the leasing of larger office accommodation in Lower Mount Street and the assignment of the HRB's lease on its offices in Holbrook House in Holles Street. Detailed plans were drawn up to facilitate the staff move scheduled for February 2006.



In addition, Board approval was granted for the HRB's Customer Service Charter, reception procedures were reviewed and new arrangements were put in place for catering for in-house events.

## HR and organisational development

Staff performance is linked to a good working environment, excellent conditions, a positive culture and a good level of job satisfaction. The HRB conducted a second staff survey in 2005 as part of the organisational review. The results of this survey will be used as a benchmark to measure staff satisfaction over the coming years. The survey was completed in June, after which focus groups discussed some of the specific issues that had been raised. The management team completed an action plan which was referred to the HRB Partnership Committee for comment. The action plan will be implemented in 2006.

HR continued to support divisions in recruiting and training and in measuring performance through established best practice. Work continued on the implementation of the HR strategy and regular reports were submitted to the Performance Verification Group to profile the main achievements that had been made under the key headings highlighted in Sustaining Progress. All benchmarking payments were received by staff, based on ongoing delivery of business process improvements and modernisation in all key areas.

## **Communications**

A communications strategy was devised to provide direction for a communications proactive effort commencing in 2006. The strategy identified key target audiences, the messages the HRB would like to take to them and the means by which this will be done.

The communications department supported the production of more than 25 publications, organised five key events, facilitated 11 sponsorships and secured sustained coverage in the national and medical media throughout the year.

## **CASE STUDY**

## In pursuit of excellence

The HRB undertook an organisational review in 2005 to establish the extent to which the organisation was delivering on its corporate strategy and to provide a programme of quality improvement for the future. The review began early in the year with a process of self-assessment when, with external facilitation, staff rated the performance of their divisions and of the organisation in terms of best practice. Using the Business Excellence Model, they compared performance on leadership, policy and strategy, people, resources, processes, customer results, people satisfaction, society results and key performance results. The Board undertook a facilitated review of its own performance. Staff and stakeholder reviews were undertaken by external companies.

The outcome of this self-assessment was collated into an organisational self-assessment report. This report was issued to an international, external review panel in October, along with the detailed results of a stakeholder survey and the review of the Board. The panel spent three days in the organisation in November reviewing the working processes and conducting interviews with key stakeholder groups.

The chair of the panel, Dr Don Thornhill, Chair of the National Competitiveness Council, presented the panel's findings to Board members and staff at the end of the third day. The panel's report confirmed the HRB's success in achieving its objectives, but emphasised the urgent need for a new corporate strategy to adapt to the rapidly changing environment in which the HRB now operates. The panel reported that the organisation had reached a very promising stage in its organisational development and was well positioned to seize opportunities presented by the profound external changes in the health, research and information sectors. It commended the HRB on its performance to date, on the respect it had earned from stakeholders and on the commitment of its staff. The panel recommended a number of changes to the structure and processes of the HRB to enhance its capacity to cope with current and future change.

A Quality Improvement Plan (QIP) based on the recommendations of the review panel will be adopted, and the recommendations will have a major impact on the shape of the HRB corporate strategy for the period 2007–2011.

## **Publications**

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O'Leary VB, Mills JL, Parle-McDermott A, Pangilinan F, Molloy AM, Cox C, Weiler A, Conley M, Kirke PN, Scott JM, Brody LC and Birth Defects Research Group (2005) Screening for new MTHFR polymorphisms and NTD risk. *American Journal of Medical Genetics*, 138(2): 99–106.

O'Leary VB, Mills JL, Pangilinan F, Kirke PN, Cox C, Conley M, Peng K, Shane B, Scott JM, Parle-McDermott A, Molloy AM, Brody LC and Birth Defects Research Group (2005) Analysis of Methionine Synthase Reductase polymorphisms for Neural Tube Defects risk association. *Molecular Genetics and Metabolism*, 85(3): 220–227.

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Drug Misuse Research Division (2005) *Drugnet Ireland*. Issue 15, Autumn 2005. Dublin: Health Research Board.

Drug Misuse Research Division (2005) *Drugnet Ireland*. Issue 16, Winter 2005. Dublin: Health Research Board.

Kelly F, Lynn E and Long J (2005) *Treatment demand in the Health Service Executive Eastern Region*, 1998 to 2002. Occasional Paper 15. Dublin: Health Research Board.

Kelly F, Long J and Lynn E (2005) *Trends in treated problem drug use in the Health Service Executive Eastern Region*, 1998 to 2002. Occasional Paper 16. Dublin: Health Research Board.

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O'Neill C, Kelly A, Sinclair H, Kennedy H (2005) Deprivation: different implications for forensic psychiatric need in urban and rural areas. *Social Psychiatry and Psychiatric Epidemiology*, 40(7): 551–556.

Smith SM, Long J, Deady J, O'Keeffe F, Handy D and O'Dowd T (2005) Adapting developing country epidemiological assessment techniques to improve the quality of health needs assessments in developed countries. *BMC Health Services Research*, 5: 32. http://www.biomedcentral.com/content/pdf/1472-6963-5-32.pdf

## Health Research Board

## **Extract from Financial Statements**

Revenue Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 31 December 2005

	2005 €	2004 €
	E	€
Income		
Department of Health and Children revenue grant	19,459,000	14,953,000
Other research funding	1,209,370	1,948,534
Projects undertaken for the Department of Health and Children	5,505,325	6,058,873
Interest receivable	44,376	45,736
Rental income	53,775	33,887
	26,271,846	23,040,030
Expenditure		
1	17.573.717	12 046 741
Research Funding and Policy Child Health Epidemiology	16,562,617 692,823	13,846,741 1,094,160
Drug Misuse Research	1,071,773	824,637
Mental Heath Research	666,667	498,162
Disability Databases	426,716	417,966
R&D for Health	4,499,941	4,327,904
Administration costs and general overheads	2,351,018	1,983,982
Pensions paid to retired members of staff	(10,849)	30,111
	26,260,706	23,023,663
Surplus for the year	11,140	16,367

## Capital Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended 31 December 2005

	2005 €	2004 €
Income Department of Health and Children capital grant Other capital income	1,813,089 1,590	7,677,490
Amortisation of capital fund account	145,562	142,284
	1,960,241	7,819,774
Expenditure Equipment grants paid to third parties ICT development Contribution to fixed assets Maintenance of premises Depreciation	1,616,965 106,678 81,158 9,878 145,562	7,472,138 113,156 19,235 72,961 142,284
	1,960,241	/,819,//4
(Deficit)/Surplus for the year	-	

## Health Research Board

## **Extract from Financial Statements**

## Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2005

	2005 €	2004 €
Fixed assets Tangible assets	381,042	451,083
Current assets Debtors Investments	724,011 641	867,215 641
Cash at bank and on hand	7,569,644	4,724,905
	8,294,296	5,592,761
Current liabilities  Amounts falling due within one year:  Creditors and deferred income	8,205,333 8,205,333	5,514,938 5,514,938
Net current assets	88,963	77,823
Net assets	470,005	528,906
Reserves Accumulated surplus on income and expenditure account	88,963	77,823
Capital fund	381,042	451,083
	470,005	528,906

## Appendix 1

# Participation in national, European and international groups and committees

The Health Research Board invests a significant amount of time contributing to a wide variety of national, European and international bodies. These include:

- European Science Foundation Member Association Group
- The Standing Committee of Research Funding Agencies
- Ad hoc group of European Nurse Research Developers
- HEA Infrastructures Group
- The Research and Development Office, Northern Ireland
- The Institute of Public Health in Ireland
- The Irish Forum on Global Health
- The Environmental Protection Agency
- Development Cooperation Ireland
- The Irish College of General Practitioners
- The Cystinosis Foundation
- The Medical Research Charities Group
- The Irish Council for Bioethics
- National Intellectual Disability Database Committee
- National Physical and Sensory Disability Database Committee
- National Intellectual Disability Database Regional Database Administrators' Group
- National Physical and Sensory Disability Database Regional Database Administrators' Group
- National Monitoring Committee overseeing the state investment programme in intellectual disability services
- National Advisory Committee on Drugs Prevalence, Treatment, Consequences,
   Early Warning and Emerging Trends sub-committees
- Health Implementation Committee of the National Drugs Strategy, Department of Health and Children.
- Membership of addiction services performance management group
- Membership of the drug treatment services in prisons research group
- Membership of the Hepatitis C Scientific Advisory Subgroup of the Blood Borne Virus Forum
- Irish Health Sciences Library Group
- Pompidou Group
- European Monitoring Centre for Drugs and Drug Addiction
- EDDRA
- Expert Group on Mental Health Policy
- Mental Health Advisory Subgroups including Research and Information Manpower, Education and Training Mental Health Services for Later Life, Forensic Mental Health Services, Services for eating disorders, Children and Adolescent Psychiatric Service Working Group Research
- Advisory Group Membership National Disability Authority
- Adoption Agency
- Nursing Research Development Group
- Irish Internet Association
- Irish Evaluation Network
- Irish Society of Clinical Research Professionals
- Science Foundation Ireland

## Appendix 2

## New grant holders 2005

## Grant holder

## Title

## PROJECTS AND PROGRAMMES

Research Project Grants - General

#### Dr Catherine Greene

Medicine Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland €216,475.20 Regulation of apoptosis by misfolded Z alpha-1 antitrypsin

### Mr Ronan Conroy

Epidemiology & Preventive Medicine Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland €210,889.40 Can psychological models of mood and positive affect inform interventions to improve outcomes for individuals with acute coronary syndrome?

### Dr Dermot Walls

Faculty of Science and Health Dublin City University €229,298.40 Role and mechanisms of changes to the transcriptome that lead to enhanced cell survival during Epstein-Barr virus infection and in related malignancies.

## Dr Mauro Adamo

Chemistry
Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland
€256,346

Investigating the role of the PGHSperoxidase: rational design of a novel inhibitor

## **Professor Kingston Mills**

Biochemistry Trinity College Dublin €238,333.20 Regulation of T cell responses in immunity to Bordetella pertussis

## Dr Philip Newsholme

Biochemistry University College Dublin €237,796.80 Immune regulation of pancreatic beta cell function and integrity in Diabetes

## Dr Michael Gill

Psychiatry
Trinity College Dublin
€79,077.60

A prospective study of the clinical genetics of methylphenidate response in children with Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder

### Professor Charles Dorman

Microbiology Trinity College Dublin €101,203 Regulatory Evolution in a Bacterial Pathogen

## Dr Lorraine Kyne

Dept of Medicine and Therapeutics Mater Misericordiae Hospital €220,605.70 A prospective study of the incidence, outcomes, immune response and antimicrobial susceptibility of toxin-variant C. difficile.

## Professor Walter McNicholas

Respiratory Medicine University College Dublin €244,659.60

## Professor James Docherty

Physiology Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland €240,694.80

### Dr Aideen Sullivan

Anatomy/Neuroscience University College Cork €241,403.80

## Dr Ronan Murphy

Biotechnology Dublin City University €168,110

#### Dr Caroline Herron

Physiology University College Dublin €129,432.40

## Dr Fionnuala McAuliffe

Obstetrics & Gynaecology University College Dublin €145,018

## Dr Bernard Mahon

Biology National University of Ireland, Maynooth €176,498

## Dr Sally-Ann Cryan

Pharmacy Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland €228,354

## Dr Jana Haase

Biochemistry University College Dublin €245,485.20

## Dr Maura Grealy

Pharmacology National University of Ireland, Galway €231,688.40

## Dr Heinz Peter Nasheuer

Dept. of Biochemistry National University of Ireland, Galway €228,400.40

## Title

Cell and molecular mechanisms of cardiovascular complications in sleep apnoea syndrome

The role of Nitric oxide synthase-2 in the development and maintenance of portal hypertension

Embryonic stem cells for Parkinson's disease

The Role of Lasp-1 Expression and Signaling in Cardiovascular Disease

Effect of altered cholesterol and lipid metabolism on synaptic plasticity: Possible neuroprotective effects in transgenic model od Alzheimer's disease.

Heart function in infants of insulin dependent diabetic mothers.

The role of CCL28 in human airway inflammation

Targeted siRNA delivery to the lungs for the treatment of inflammatory lung disease.

Characterisation of serotonin transporterassociated protein complexes within lipid microdomains - a proteomic approach

A signalling role for desmosomal proteins in vertebrate heart development?

Interactions of Primase with DNA

## Dr James O'Gara

Industrial Microbiology University College Dublin €120,944

## Dr Aideen Long

Biochemistry Trinity College Dublin €248,287.20

## Professor Jochen Prehn

Physiology and Medical Physics Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland €244,722

## Dr Tom Moore

Biochemistry University College Cork €105,132

#### Dr Yuri Volkov

Clinical Medicine Trinity College Dublin €230,930.80

## Dr Deirdre Hurley

Faculty of Medicine and Health Sciences University College Dublin 2135,298

## Professor Gerald O'Sullivan

Cork Cancer Research Centre University College Cork €240,756.80

## Dr Declan Gilheany

Chemistry University College Dublin €229,745.20

## Dr Neil Rowan

Biological Science Athlone Institute of Technology €113,134

## Dr Kieran McDermott

Anatomy-Neuroscience University College Cork €216,554.40

## Title

Characterisation of ica-independent biofilm development in methicillin resistant Staphylococcus aureus

CD44 - a pivotal molecule in endothelial cell fate?

Molecular analysis of cell death induced by defects in protein processing and protein degradation in Alzheimer's disease

Pleiotrophin-mediated shedding of fetal DNA

The role of flow dynamics and chemokineinduced cell polarization in the multi-step leukocyte navigation

Irish medical practitioners attitudes and beliefs to chronic low back pain

Long-term, systemic antitumour immunity via local, non-viral gene therapy of malignant tumours.

Libraries of Modified Sugars for Anticancer and Antimicrobial Studies

Disinfection and sterilisation of medical instruments, devices and contact surfaces using novel electrotechnologies

Role of neuroepithelial stem cells in development and repair.

## Dr Catherine Comiskey

Mathematics National University of Ireland, Maynooth €72,176

## An analysis of the drug using career and

Title

its impact on prevalence and incidence of drug use in Ireland

## Professor Cliona O'Farrelly

Education & Research Centre, S.V.U.H. Trinity College Dublin €237,586

Investigation of KIR genotype in the resolution of HCV infection

## Professor Finian Martin

Pharmacology University College Dublin €150,000 A role for JNK in supporting adhesion molecule expression in mammary epithelial cell 3D-acinar assemblies

## Professor Noel Lowndes

Biochemistry National University of Ireland, Galway €253,156.80 Biochemical characterisation of 53BP1, a putative RAD9 orthologue

### Dr James Jones

Human Anatomy and Physiology University College Dublin €9,900 Mechanism of laryngeal sensing of expired carbon dioxide

## Professor Desmond Fitzgerald

Molecular Medicine University College Dublin €234,344.40 Identifying the protein targets of the anti-inflammatory prostaglandin J2

## Professor Martin Kinirons

Oral Health Services Research Centre University College Cork €146,549.60 Improving the Efficiency of Dental Screening with Respect to Fissure Sealing

## Professor Luke O'Neill

Biochemistry Trinity College Dublin €229,298.40 A polymorphism in the gene encoding the Toll - IL-1 receptor adapter Mal that protects against infection

## Dr Carmel Breslin

Chemistry
National University of Ireland, Maynooth
€217,381.20

A Novel Drug Delivery System Using Conducting Polymers

### Dr Ursula Fearon

Rheumatology University College Dublin €130,274 A-SAA regulates cytoskeletal rearrangement and cell matrix interactions topromote cell migration and cartilage invasion in inflammatory arthritis?

## Dr Julie Kelly

Biochemistry Trinity College Dublin €238,702.80 Furthering the development of potent thyrotropin-releasing hormone-degrading ectoenzyme (TRH-DE) inhibitors – toward a novel therapeutic for CNS disorders

### Professor Tom Cotter

Biochemistry University College Cork €237,464.40

## Professor John Joseph Morrison

Obstetrics & Gynaecology National University of Ireland, Galway €126,427

## Dr John Laffey

Department of Anaesthesia National University of Ireland, Galway €223,717.20

## Professor Edward Johns

Physiology University College Cork €222,465.60

## Dr Aidan Bradford

Physiology and Medical Physics Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland €14,888.40

## Dr Paul Moynagh

Pharmacology University College Dublin €167,220

## Dr Ciaran Morrison

Biochemistry/ NCBES National University of Ireland, Galway €218,642.40

#### Dr Ziarih Hawi

Genetics Trinity College Dublin €240,220.80

### Dr Paul Cotter

Microbiology University College Cork €118,415

## Dr Susan Smith

Department of Public Health and Primary Care Trinity College Dublin €234,660.20

## Dr Padraig Strappe

Regenerative Medicine Institute National University of Ireland, Galway €221,065.20

## Title

Identification and biological characterisation of novel anti-apoptotic compounds for the potential treatment of retinal degeneration: in vitro and in vivo studies

Human Uterine Mitochondrial K-ATP Expression and Modulation

Oxidant Stress, Hypercapnia and Acute Lung Injury: From Mechanistic Insights to Therapeutic Strategies

Oxidative stress in the kidney: interactions of superoxide anions and nitric oxide on fluid reabsorption at the proximal tubule

Does oxidative stress contribute to impaired respiratory muscle function following chronic episodic hypoxia?

Exploring human SEF as a regulator of Toll-like Receptor Signalling

Molecular mechanisms of DNA damageinduced centrosome amplification

Noradrenergic System Candidate Genes in an Irish ADHD Population: Linkage Disequilibrium Mapping (LD) and Refined Neuropsychological Phenotypes

Activity of the lantibiotic, lacticin 3147, against vancomycin resistant enterococci (VREs) and methicillin resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSAs)

Improving Outcomes in Type 2 Diabetes Across the Primary-Specialty Care Interface: A Brief Family Intervention

Lentiviral Vector Delivery of siRNA and Neurotrophic Growth Factors for the Treatment of Injury to the CNS

#### Dr Gianluca Pollastri

Computer Science University College Dublin €156,600

#### Professor Kay Ohlendieck

Biology National University of Ireland, Maynooth €168,640

#### Dr Rosemary O'Connor

Biochemistry University College Cork €127,993

### Dr Birgit Greiner

Epidemiology and Public Health University College Cork €252,666

#### Professor David Coleman

Oral Surgery, Oral Medicine and Oral Pathology Dublin Dental School and Hospital €230,084.40

#### Professor Hannah McGee

Department of Psychology Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland €182,587.20

## Dr Angus Bell

Microbiology Trinity College Dublin €228,914.40

#### Dr Walter Cullen

Department of General Practice University College Dublin €119,377.20

#### Dr Anne Parle-McDermott

School of Biotechnology Trinity College Dublin €251,924.90

# Dr Anne MacFarlane

Dept of General Practice National University of Ireland, Galway €169,343

#### Professor Finbarr O'Sullivan

Statistics University College Cork €235,829.36

### Title

New models for the prediction of Quantitative Structure-Property Relationships of chemical compounds

Role of the dystrophin-glycoprotein complex and associated regulatory elements in non-obese type 2 diabetic skeletal muscle

Function of Mystique in epithelial cell migration and in cancer progression.

The Effects of the Smoking Ban in Ireland: Smoking Prevalence, Respiratory Health and Smoking Risk Perception.

The role of cell wall di-tyrosine in Candida albicans: potential novel antifungal drug targets

Alcohol and unsafe sex in young Irish adults: Understanding their complex interaction in a general population sample

Inhibition of the terminal stages of host haemoglobin degradation by malarial parasites: a new approach to antimalarial therapy?

Prevalence of problematic alcohol consumption among current or former heroin users attending general practice: a cross sectional survey

Folate Polymorphisms: gene expression, haplotypes and disease risk

Patients' perspectives of continuity of care in general practice out of hours cooperatives: A combined methods study

Statistical Methods for Quantitative Dynamic PET Imaging Studies with Extension to MR and CT

#### Dr Evelyn Murphy

Biochemistry and Physiology University College Dublin €123,412

## Dr Orina Belton

Molecular Medicine University College Dublin €246,617.20

#### Dr David Finn

Department of Physiology National University of Ireland, Galway €236,679.20

#### Dr Ciaran Simms

Mechanical Engineering Trinity College Dublin €201,154

#### Dr Jane Ann Irwin

Veterinary Physiology and Biochemistry University College Dublin €120,760

## Dr Yvonne Birnev

Vascular Health Research Centre Dublin City University €121,404

#### Professor Cecily Kelleher

Public Health Medicine and Epidemiology University College Dublin €241,944.50

## Dr Helen Whelton

Oral Health and Development, Oral Health Services Research Centre University College Cork €251,185.20

# Dr Veronica Campbell

Physiology Trinity College Dublin €148,574

# Dr Michael P. Carty

Biochemistry National University of Ireland, Galway €232,892.80

## Dr David Henshall

Physiology Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland €258,710

### Title

Elucidating the molecular mechanisms of methotrexate action

The anti-atherogenic activity of CLA isomers

Elucidating the role of the endocannabinoid system in fear-conditioned analgesia

Numerical and Experimental Analysis of Wheelchair and Occupant Crash Safety

The mucinase system in the lung - the key to mucus degradation?

Notch-mediated Migration of Vascular Smooth Muscle Cells

Prospective follow-up of Lifeways Cross-Generation Cohort families

Dental Erosion in Irish Teenagers: An Epidemiological and Laboratory Investigation

Tissue engineering of cartilage and bone in a hypoxic environment

The role of DNA polymerase eta and Fanconi anemia D2 protein in the cellular response to cisplatin and mitomycin C.

Role of Bcl-2-interacting mediator of cell death in seizure-induced brain injury and epileptogenesis

Annual Report 2005

Dr Mary McCaffrey

Biochemistry
University College Cork
€235,574

### Title

A functional molecular and cellular analysis of Haemochromatosis

# Programme Grants

Professor Paul McLoughlin

Human Anatomy and Physiology University College Dublin €951,438.40 Hypoxic lung disease

Professor Joe Duffy

Nuclear Medicine University College Dublin €1,060,935.30 Breast Cancer Metastasis: Biomarkers and Functional Mediators

Professor William Powderly

Medicine University College Dublin €1,009,609 **Dublin City HIV Cohort** 

# Partnership Awards

Dr Sinead McGilloway

Department of Psychology NUI Maynooth €60,000.00 Health promotion in palliative care: identifying and responding to attitudinal barriers to service use

Maeve Martin

Community Care Psychology Department HSE South East €29,040.00

The epidemiology of psychiatric disorders in children and adolescents in Clonmel: An interview study following a preliminary Child Behaviour Checklist screening of a population of 3000 youngsters

Hilary Dunne

Research Department Irish Society for Quality & Safety in Healthcare €60,000.00 Healthdata –Are there benefits to multidisciplinary collaboration for the development of an All-Island research information database on health initiatives

Margaret Leahy

Clinical Speech and Language Studies Trinity College Dublin €59,905.00 Standardisation of the Diagnostic Evaluation of Articulation and Phonology (DEAP) on Irish children, aged 3;0-6;11 years

Dr Padraig MacNeela

Department of Psychology NUI Galway €60,000.00 Chronic low back pain: A judgement analysis of GPs' clinical judgements and decisions

# Dr Edel Conway

Centre for Research in Management Learning & Development, Dublin City University Business School €29,450.00

#### Dr Susan O'Shea

Department of Haematology Cork University Hospital

# Sarah Jane Dillon

Research and Programmes RehabCare €60,000.00

### Dr Pauline Faughnan

Equality Studies Centre and Social Science Research Centre University College Dublin €60,000.00

### Title

The impact of change on the attitudes and behaviour of staff in the health service: a longitudinal study

Randomised Controlled Trial of Supervised Patient Self-Management of Warfarin Therapy Using an Internet Based Expert System

Rare Disabilities on the Island of Ireland

– Investigation into the Development of an all
Island Support Service

Empowerment for Healthy Communities: An action research programme on tackling health inequalities in three communities through a community development approach

### Health Services R&D Awards

#### Dr Sean F Dinneen

Diabetes and Endocrinology University College Hospital Galway €1,185,245.00

#### Dr Fidelma Dunne

Department of Medicine/ Clinical Science Institute HSE - Western Region €1,243,428.00

## Prof John O'Leary

Department of Pathology Coombe's Women's Hospital €1,250,000.00

#### Prof Carol Fitzpatrick

Mater Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services Mater Hospital €1,232,040.00

# Mary Fitzsimons

Epilepsy Programme Beaumont Hospital €1,248,397.00 Implementing and evaluating a structured education programme and a new model of ongoing for Type 1 diabetes in Ireland

Atlantic DIP: Atlantic Diabetes in Pregnancy Network. Prospective studies to examine the outcome of pregnancy in diabetic women

Working towards a world class cervical screening system for Irish Women: The Irish Cervical Screening Research Consortium

Adolescent Depression and Suicidal Behaviour - Making Knowledge Work for Health

Revolutionising Chronic Disease Management with Information and Communication Technology: A sociotechnical project applied to epilepsy care in Ireland

### Title

### Rare Diseases Research Awards

#### Dr Paul Kenna

Ocular Genetics Unit Trinity College Dublin €150,000.00

## Dr Maryanne Donovan

Biosciences Institute University College Cork €150,000.00

#### Dr Marion Rowland

Children's Research Centre Our Lady's Hospital for Sick Children €150,000.00 Exploration of exogenous microRNAs as a suppression tool and endogenous microRNAs in the context of retinal degenerations

Pro-apoptotic BH3-only protein BIM and the regulation of photoreceptor apoptosis in retinal degeneration

The Epidemiology of Cystic Fibrosis Associated Liver Disease

# **INFRASTRUCTURE**

# **Equipment Grants**

# Professor John Scott

Department of Biochemistry Trinity College Dublin €106,049 Application to the Health Research Board for a robotic system required for intramural research activities of the Health Research Board

# **Imaging Facilities**

### Professor Fergal Malone

Obstetrics and Gynaecology Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland €3,458,697 National Obstetric Ultrasound Research Consortium of Ireland (NOURCI)

## Dr James FM Meaney

Radiology St James's Hospital €3,999,655 Proposal for a National Centre for Advanced Medical Imaging

# Title

# Health Information Systems Grants to underpin R&D

### Dr William Gallagher

School of Bimolecular and Biomedical Science University College Dublin €158,849.00 Digital slide management system: application to biomarker discovery and validation

#### Ronan Hearne

Adult Mental Health Service Cluain Mhuire Services €39,947.00 Mental health research system development

## Julian Pugh

Planning Commissioning and Change Directorate Health Services Executive €242,250.00 Integrated case management information system for drug users and related services

### Professor Jane Grimson

Department of Computer Science Trinity College Dublin €250,000.00 A biobank information management system for prostate cancer

## Professor Ivan J Perry

Department Epidemiology and Public Health Cork University Hospital €164,319.00 A multidisciplinary application to support data transfer and spatial analysis of intentional and unintentional injuries

# Professor Henry Paul Redmond

Department of Academic Surgery Cork University Hospital €111,500.00 A dynamic wound care database to facilitate interdisciplinary combined coare, allow further education of health care professionals and to support evidence based practice in the community

# Strengthening Clinical Trials

### Dr Meave Leahy

Mid Western Regional Hospital €360,000.00

# Dr John Kennedy

St James's Hospital €3,120,000.00

# Dr Seamus O'Reilly

Cork University Hospital €960,000.00

# Dr Ray McDermot

AMNCH Tallaght Hospital €960,000.00

# Dr John McCaffrey

Mater Misericordiae €960,000.00

### Dr Paula Calvert

Waterford Regional Hospital €576,000.00

# Dr Liam Grogan

Beaumont Hospital €576,000.00

# Dr Macon Keane

University College Hospital Galway €1,608,000.00

# Dr John Crown

St Vincent's University Hospital €936,000.00

# Prof John Armstrong

St Lukes Hospital €1,440,000.00

# Title

# CAREER DEVLOPMENT SCHEMES

## Clinician Scientist Awards

# Prof Mary Cannon

Department of Psychiatry Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland €1,412,055.50 Adolescent brain development and risk for psychosis

#### Dr Joe Keane

Clinical Medicine St James's Hospital €1,596,683.00 Dissecting out the pathways of successful macrophage responses to infection with M. tuberculosis

# PhD Training Sites

# Professor Marina Lynch

Department of Physiology Trinity College Dublin €1,000,189 From basic neuroscience to clinical applications: an integrated PhD programme

## Dr Dermot Kelleher

Department of Clinical Medicine Trinity College Dublin €1,074,608.60 Molecular Medicine - from genes to function

# Post Doctoral Research Fellowships

# Dr Steven W Kerrigan

Department of Clinical Pharmacology Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland €214,807.01 The influence of shear stress to investigate the interactions between Streptococcus sanguis and Staphylococcus aureus with perfused human blood platelets.

## Dr Aedin Culhane

Bioinformatics Section University College Dublin €207,247.01 Application of multivariate methods to the analysis of a compendium of gene expression profiles in Leukaemia

# Dr Patrick Kiely

Department of Biochemistry University College Cork €214,906.61 To determine the role of RACK1 and its IGF-1R regulated binding partners in IGF-1 mediated metastasis and motility

# Dr Aileen Houston

Medicine University College Cork €214,906.61 Elucidation of the molecular mechanisms underlying Fas ligand (FasL/CD95L) expression in human colon tumour cells

## Dr Andrew Lindsay

Department of Biochemistry University College Cork €214,847.01 Characterisation of the Role of the Human Myosin V Family in Cell Division and Disease

## Dr Brona Murphy

Department of Physiology and Medical Physics Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland €214,907.01

# Investigation of death receptor signalling in

Title

neuronal death & neuroplastic changes during epilepsy development

### Dr Gerard Sergeant

Regional Development Centre Dundalk Institute of Technology €214,652.01 Pacemaker Activity in Urethral Interstitial Cells

## Dr Emer Bourke

Department of Biochemistry National University of Ireland, Galway €214,907.01 Proteomic Definition of DNA Damage Response in Human Cells

# Clinical Research Training Fellowships

#### Dr Matthew Greenway

Department of Clinical Neurosciences Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland €168,993.05 Hypoxia-induced Neurotrophic Factors in the Irish ALS Population

### Dr Martina Ni Chonghaile

Department of Anaesthesia and Intensive Care National University of Ireland, Galway €183,612.60 Evaluation of the effects and mechanisms of action of Therapeutic Hypercapnic Acidosis in Severe Pulmonary Sepsis

#### Dr Tom Cawood

Department of Endocrinology University College Dublin €182,719.19 Potential Therapeutic Targets in Thyroid Associated Ophthalmopathy

#### Dr Eoghan O'Neill

Department of Industrial Microbiology University College Dublin €183,612.60 Genetic analysis of the biofilm phenotype in clinical isolates of methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus

#### Dr Marina O Kane

Department of Biochemistry and Physiology University College Dublin €180,212.60 Corticotrophin-Releasing Hormone mediated responses in Psoriasis

#### Dr Catherine McVeigh

Department of Geriatric Medicine Belfast City Hospital €171,790.18 Is inflammation involved in the development of cognitive impairment or depression after stroke

## Dr Tora Leong

Department of Cardiology Trinity College Dublin €110,861.60 The Role of Novel Risk Markers in Predicting Atherosclerosis in Patients with Chronic Stable Angina

#### Dr John McDermott

Department of Endocrinology and Diabetes Mellitus National University of Ireland, Galway €183,612.60

### Title

Circulating endothelial progenitor cell number and function in progressive diabetic renal disease: declining in tandem with increasing cardiovascular risk?

# Fellowships in Health Services Research

#### Mr Michael Rosato

Epidemiology and Public Health Queens University Belfast €205,307.01 Towards a better understanding of self-reported health: a series of studies using the ONS-LS

#### Ms Emma White

Department of Mathematics National University of Ireland, Maynooth €130,531.46 Modelling the Drug Using Career with a View to Informing and Assisting Health Services and Policy

#### Dr Lisa Kelly

Departments of Neurology and Medicine for the Elderly University College Dublin €132,126.46 Dementia Following Stroke: A sub-study of The North Dublin Population Stroke Study

# Dr Karen Ryan

Palliative Medicine St Francis Hospice, Raheny €128,923.21 Towards a Patient-centred and Carer-oriented Service: Identification of the Palliative Care Needs of Adults with Intellectual Disability, Development and Delivery of a Local Quality Improvement Programme

## Clinical Research Fellowships in Nursing and Midwifery

#### Ms Patricia Larkin

School of Nursing and Midwifery Trinity College Dublin €204,507.01 Women's expectations of and preferences for childbirth

#### Ms Kate Frazer

School of Public Health and Population Science University College Dublin €205,157.11 An evaluation of the knowledge and attitudes of primary care nurses towards Hepatitis C Virus infection

#### Ms Aoife Moran

School of Nursing Dublin City University €135,026.46 The experience of the person with end stage renal disease on haemodialysis therapy

# Ms Patricia Leahy Warren

The Catherine McAuley School of Nursing and Midwifery
University College Cork
€205,307.01

First Time Mothers: The Relationship Between Support, Infant Care Self-Efficacy and Satisfaction with Parenting

# Title

# Cochrane Fellowships

Mr Brendan Dineen

Department of General Practice National University of Ireland, Galway €33,184.00 Laser treatment for diabetic retinopathy

Dr Clodagh Cashman

CIE Occupational Health Unit CIE €79,346.00 Alcohol and drug screening of people whose work involves driving to prevent injury

Ms Genevieve Becker

National University of Ireland, Galway €67,711.00

Methods of milk expression in lactating women

Ms Josephine Hegarty

Faculty of Medicine and Health University College Cork €93,774.00 Watchful waiting versus prostatectomy for prostate cancer

Professor Malcolm MacLachlan

School of Psychology Trinity College Dublin €62,456.00 Psychosocial Interventions for Physical Disability arising from Injury

Dr Patrick Manning

Department of Respiratory Medicine St James's Hospital Hospital €121,256.00

Ciclesonide for chronic asthma in adults and children

# NCI Summer Curriculum in Cancer

Anthony O'Grady

Department of Pathology Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland Molecular Prevention

Shelagh Wright

School of Nursing Dublin City University Molecular Prevention

Antoinette Perry

Department of Haematology Trinity College Dublin Molecular Prevention

Nicola Miller

Department of Surgery St James's Hospital Molecular Prevention

Title

**Juliette Sheridan** 

Centre for Colorectal Disease St Vincent's University Hospital Molecular Prevention

Alan Coss

Centre for Colorectal Disease St Vincent's University Hospital Molecular Prevention

Niamh O'Rourke

Primary, Community and Continuing Care Health Services Executive - East Coast Area Molecular Prevention

Fiona Quinn

Cancer Molecular Diagnostics St James's Hospital Molecular Prevention

Mary-Clare Cathcart

Department of Oncology Trinity College Dublin Molecular Prevention

Barbara McNamara

Department of Biochemistry St James's Hospital

Molecular Prevention

Paul Kavanagh

Public Health Department Health Services Executive - Southern Area Principles and Practice of Cancer Prevention and Control

Marie Lavin

Department of Oncology Mater Misericordiae University Hospital Principles and Practice of Cancer Prevention and Control

Suzanne Rowley

Department of Surgery St James's Hospital Principles and Practice of Cancer Prevention and Control

Aine McNamara

Public Health & Planning Health Services Executive - Midlands Area Principles and Practice of Cancer Prevention and Control

Ursula Bond

Department of Microbiology Trinity College Dublin Principles and Practice of Cancer Prevention and Control and Molecular Prevention

Emer O'Connell

Public Health and Epidemiology University College Dublin Principles and Practice of Cancer Prevention and Control and Molecular Prevention

Lisa O'Connor

Department of Haematology/ Oncology St James's Hospital Principles and Practice of Cancer Prevention and Control and Molecular Prevention

## Title

# Joint Research Fellowships in Cancer

#### Dr Zubair Kabir

Pharmacology and Therapeutics Department St James's Hospital Hospital €158,545.00 Tobacco control policies, lung cancer and smoking patterns: Ireland and Massachusetts

#### **Edward Fox**

Conway Institute of Biomolecular and Biomedical Research University College Dublin €131,131.00

Frequency of random mutations and genomic instability events during colorectal cancer progression

### Summer Students

#### Mr Edmond Ang

Medicine University College Dublin €1,400 Regulation of gene expression in a clonal pancreatic beta-cell line

#### Mr Ciaran Skerry

Department of Chemistry National University of Ireland, Maynooth €1,600 Synthesis and Anti-Microbial Screening of New Metal-Based Drugs

# Ms Siobhan Ryan

Chemical and Life Science Dept South Eastern Health Board €1,600 Retinal Visual Acuity in Patients with Age-Related Maculopathy

#### Ms Karen McDermott

Science Adelaide and Meath Hospital (incorporating NCH) €1,200 Malnutrition in Inflammatory Bowel Disease: identifying patients at risk

#### Mr Brendan Lawless

Medicine St Vincent's University Hospital €1,600 Validation of Functional Transcranial Doppler Imaging Across Motor and Verbal-Production Tasks

# Ms Carol Keigher

Medicine University College Hospital, Galway €1,600 Treating to target in type 2 diabetes

# Mr Alif Adlan Mohd Thabit

Medicine Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland €1,600 Inflammatory cells in COPD and Alpha-1 Antitrypsin deficiency

#### Ms Allison Bradley

Electronic & Electrical engineering St Vincent's University Hospital €1,600

#### Ms Irene Walsh

Biochemistry University Dental School, Cork €1,600

### Mr Harivinthan Sellappan

Faculty of Medicine University College Dublin €1,600

#### Ms Puspha Raman

Medicine University College Dublin €1,600

#### Ms Maureen Clarke

Medicine Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland €1,200

#### Ms Ciara O'Riordan

General Practice National University of Ireland, Galway €1,600

#### Ms Sinead McKenna

Respiratory St Vincent's University Hospital €1,600

## Ms Ciara O'Hagan

Department of Human Anatomy and Physiology University College Dublin €1,600

## Ms Dervla Connaughton

Student Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland €1,600

## Mr Tonye Wilcox

Medicine Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland €1,600

### Title

The influence of motor unit firing rates on peri-stimulus time histograms: a quantitative study

Diet, oral hygiene, salivary parameters and dental erosion amoong dental students

The effect of partial D2 receptor agonists on globus pallidus GABA, glutamate and aspartate release in a rodent model of Parkinson's disease

Exploring the differences between in situ and invasive breast cancer

Removing patients from a GPs list: Patient and Doctor perspectives

General Practice Utilisation Patterns in 1124 Mothers and Babies over the first three years of follow-up in Lifeways Cross-Generation Cohort Study.

Cystic Fibrosis

Influence of gender and inspiratory muscle training on perception of dyspnea on normal healthy subjects

The role of angiogenin in motoneuron degeneration

Identification of novel interactions between S. gordonii and human blood platelets.

#### Mr Robert Scully

General Practice National University of Ireland, Galway €1,600

# Title

What determines patients' satisfaction with out of hours primary medical care?

### Ms Anita Maria Sheahan

Biology Department Trinity College Dublin €1,600 Mechanism of action of alum as a vaccine adjuvant

# Ms Hebah Nashat

Medicine National University of Ireland, Galway €1,600 Identification of factors responsible for influencing mesenchymal stem cell migration towards prostate cancer cells

#### Mr Mark Hehir

Obstetrics and gynaecology University College Hospital, Galway €1,600 The feto-placental unit in association with obesity in pregnancy

## Ms Sinead Kelly

Biology National University of Ireland, Maynooth €1,600 The role of genetic polymorphism in natural killer cell receptors and alcohol consumption in susceptibility to psoriasis

### Ms Gillian Murphy

Department of General Practice National University of Ireland, Galway €1,600 A cross sectional study to describe the clinical impact of Ambulatory Blood Pressure Monitoring in routine general practice.

#### Mr Khaled Almansoori

Medicine Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland €1,600 The ability of BMP-7 to promote osteogenesis on collagen-glycosaminoglycan scaffolds

## Ms Lisa McAnena

Department of Surgery National University of Ireland, Galway €1,600 Evaluation of the expression and prognostic significance of HER1-4 in breast cancer

# Ms Doireann O'Flaherty

Surgery National University of Ireland, Galway €1,600 Characterisation of Cell Sub-Populations in Primary Breast Cell Culture

#### Ms Clare O'Sullivan

Medicine St Vincent's University Hospital €1,600 EEG correlates of positive and negative future thinking

Ms Sarah Kandil

Neursocience Trinity College Dublin €1,600

Mr David Costello

Department of Physics Dublin Institute of Technology €1,600

Mr Stephen Penney

Biotechnology University College Dublin €1,600

Ms Elyssa Majawit

NA University College Dublin €1,600

Ms Mei Ann Choong

Paediatrics, NUI, Galway National University of Ireland, Galway €1,600

Mr James O'Dwyer

Physiotherapy St James's Hospital €1,600

Ms Sheila Sullivan

Pathology Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland €1,600

Mr Henrik Wahlberg

Pathology Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland 1,600

Mr Hugh Ramsay

Medicine Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland €1,600

Ms Annie Ngu

Medicine University College Dublin €1,600 Title

Are interferon gamma-primed microglia more responsive to amyloid-beta?

Development of a novel method for differentiating breast lesion in diagnostic ultrasound images

Effect of Plasma Treatment on Cellular Response

The relationship between lifestyle and sociodemographic profile at recruitment and first outcome follow-up through general practice in 2000 adult participants in the Lifeways Cross-generation Cohort Study

Determinants of Metabolic Control in Young People with Type 1 Diabetes: Audit of Clinical Attendees

Validation of the RT3 activity sensor in patients with Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease

Determination of cyclooxygenase-2 (cox-2) expression in bladder cancer samples from smokers and non-smokers.

Assessment of telomerase expression levels in squamous cell carcinoma from both renal transplant and non-transplant patients

Antibacterial and anti-inflammatory properties of nicotine

Prevalence of Epilepsy

#### Mr Dónal Tighe

Student Mater Misericordiae Hospital €1,600

# Title

The role of net1 and myeov in colorectal cancer cell proliferation and invasion.

### Ms Romaine King

Gastroenterology St Vincent's University Hospital €1,200 Bile acids and oesophageal metaplasia

#### Ms Cliodhna Ni Choisdealbha

Physiotherapy East Coast Area Health Board €1,600 The relationship between physical fitness, physical functioning and psychological status in patients one year post non-acute ischaemic stroke.

#### Ms Roisin Colleran

Medicine National University of Ireland, Galway €1,600 Viral vector delivery of oligodendrocyte differentiation factors to adult mesenchymal stem cells

## Ms Audrey Melvin

Medicine University College Dublin €1,600 Analysis of the imprinted insulin like growth factor 2 (IGF2), and alpha-T-catenin genes in transitional cell carcinoma of the bladder (TCCB)

## Mr Michael Blake

School of Pharmacy University College Cork €1,600 Investigation into pain control achieved by drug delivery to peripheral opioid receptors

#### Ms Jennifer Rouine

Physiology Trinity College Dublin €1,200 Analysis of exercise-induced neurogenesis in the rat brain

#### Mr John Byrne

Student National University of Ireland, Galway €1,600 Trancription complex formation in pleuripotential mesenchymal

### Ms Norah Jordan

Department of Psychology Beaumont Hospital €1,600 Factors influencing referral pathways from acute neurosurgical services- A systematic audit

## Ms Lakshmi Penugonda

Clinical Pharmacology Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland €1,600 Characterization of a novel prognostic assay for platelet activation in human blood