

Census of Drug and Alcohol Treatment Services in Northern Ireland: 1st March 2012

This bulletin summarises information collected in the fourth Census of statutory and non-statutory drug and alcohol treatment services in Northern Ireland to establish the number of persons in treatment for drug and/or alcohol misuse. The Public Health Information and Research Branch, within the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety, conducted the Census on 1st March 2012. The first Census was conducted on 1st March 2005, and was repeated on 1st March 2007 and on 1st March 2010.

Summary

In Northern Ireland on 1st March 2012:

- There were 5916 individuals in treatment for drug and/or alcohol misuse.
- Of all those in treatment on 1st March 2012:
 - Just over one half (53%) were in treatment for alcohol misuse;
 - Approximately one quarter (26%) were in treatment for drug misuse; and
 - Just over one fifth (22%) were in treatment for both drug and alcohol misuse.
- Approximately seven tenths (69%) of individuals in treatment were male; 31% were female.
- The majority of those in treatment were aged 18 years or over (93%), whilst 7% were aged under 18 years.
- Approximately two thirds (65%) of those in treatment were attending statutory services; 32% were attending non-statutory services and 3% were attending prison-based services.
- Almost all (98%) of those in treatment on 1st March 2012 were attending non-residential treatment services.
- On 1st March 2010 and 1st March 2012, the total number of individuals in treatment was similar: 5846 in 2010 and 5916 in 2012.

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1. Background

1.1 In 2004 the Public Health Information and Research Branch (PHIRB) (formerly the Drug and Alcohol Information and Research Unit (DAIRU)) was tasked with taking forward a project to collect information regarding the number of individuals in treatment for drug and/or alcohol misuse.

1.2 The initial Census was taken on 1st March 2005 and was repeated on 1st March 2007, 1st March 2010 and 1st March 2012.

2. Data Collection

2.1 PHIRB, in conjunction with the Drug and Alcohol representatives from each Health and Social Care Trust, developed a comprehensive list of statutory and non-statutory treatment services that would be invited to contribute to the data collection exercise and as with the previous three censuses “individuals in treatment” were defined as “live cases where a person is being treated on a one-to-one basis”.

2.2 As in previous years, each organisation identified was asked to complete a Census Form (see Annex C), which sought details on the numbers of individuals in treatment for drugs and/or alcohol misuse (broken down by age and gender) on 1st March 2012.

2.3 The organisations that participated provide a wide range of services including detoxification and residential care. Hospital Information Branch, within DHSSPS, also provided data from the Hospital Inpatients System (HIS) - see Annex D. The HIS has been designed to process information relating to in-patient stays in hospital. The source information for the HIS is the Patient Administration System (PAS) resident in hospital sites throughout Northern Ireland.

2.4 It should be noted that a census represents a “snap-shot” at a particular point in time, in this case the numbers in treatment on 1st March 2012. As individuals can be in contact with more than one service, there may be an element of double-counting. These figures cannot be used to derive numbers in treatment over the course of a year.

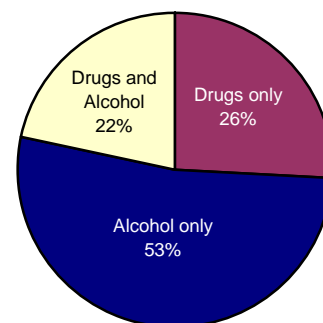
3. Response Rate

3.1 Eighty-four organisations were invited to submit data. Returns were received from 70 organisations, giving an overall response rate of 83%.

4. Profile of Service Users

4.1 There were 5916 individuals in treatment on 1st March 2012 and of these, 3111 individuals (53%) were in treatment for alcohol misuse. Approximately one quarter (26%, 1514 individuals) were in treatment for drug misuse and just over one fifth (22%, 1291 individuals) were in treatment for both drug and alcohol misuse (Figure 1; Table 1).

Figure 1. Treatment type of individuals in treatment: 1st March 2012



Total: 5916

Gender

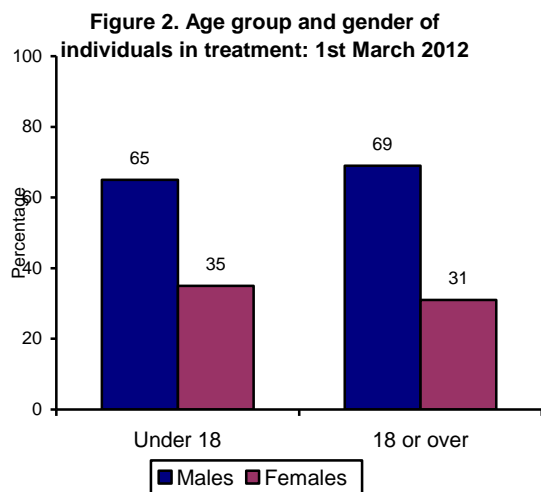
4.2 Of the 5916 individuals in treatment on 1st March 2012, approximately seven tenths (69%, 4066 individuals) were male and 31% (1850 individuals) were female (Table 2).

Age

4.3 Of the 5916 individuals in treatment the majority were aged 18 years or over (93%, 5518 individuals), whilst 7% (398 individuals) were aged under 18 years (Table 2).

Gender and age

4.4 Among those aged 18 years or over, approximately seven tenths were male (69%; 3808 individuals) and just under three tenths (31%; 1710 individuals) were female. This gender difference was also observed among those aged under 18 years, where approximately two thirds were male (65%; 258 individuals) and approximately one third were female (35%; 140 individuals) (Figure 2; Table 2).

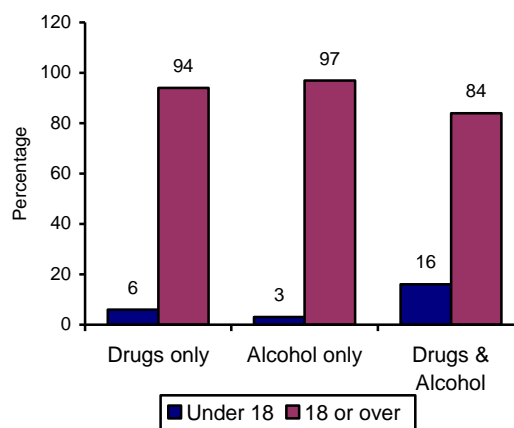


5. Profile of Treatment Type

Drugs only

5.1 There were 1514 individuals in treatment for drug misuse. Of these, 1042 (69%) were male and 472 (31%) were female (Table 3). The largest proportion of those in treatment for drug misuse were aged 18 years or over (94%; 1417 individuals), whilst 6% (97 individuals) were aged under 18 years (Figure 3; Table 4).

Figure 3. Age group and treatment type of individuals in treatment: 1st March 2012



Alcohol only

5.2 There were 3111 individuals in treatment for alcohol misuse. Of these, 2056 (66%) were male and 1055 (34%) were female (Table 3). The majority of those in treatment for alcohol misuse were aged 18 years or over (97%; 3020 individuals), whilst 3% (91 individuals) were aged under 18 years (Figure 3; Table 4).

Drugs and Alcohol

5.3 There were 1291 individuals in treatment for both drug and alcohol misuse. Of these, 968 (75%) were male and 323 (25%) were female (Table 3). The majority of individuals in treatment for both drugs and alcohol were aged 18 years or over (84%; 1081 individuals), while 16% (210 individuals) were aged under 18 years (Figure 3; Table 4).

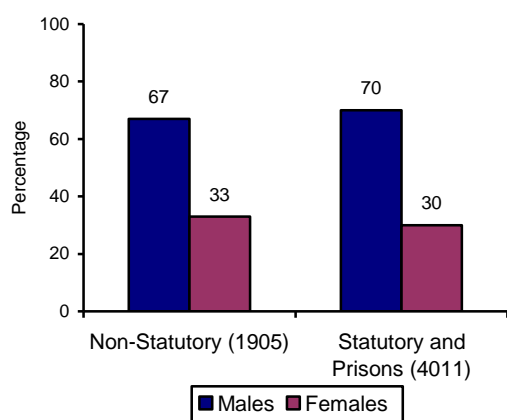
6. Profile of Services

6.1 Approximately two thirds of those (65%; 3827 individuals) in treatment on 1st March 2012 were receiving treatment from statutory services, such as Community Addiction Teams. Approximately one third (32%; 1905 individuals) were receiving treatment from non-statutory services and 3% (184 individuals) were receiving treatment from prison-based services (Table 5).

Gender

6.2 More males than females were receiving treatment in both non-statutory and statutory services. In non-statutory services, 67% (1269 individuals) were male and 33% (636 individuals) were female. In statutory services (including prisons), 70% were male (2797 individuals) and 30% were female (1214 individuals) (Figure 4; Table 6).

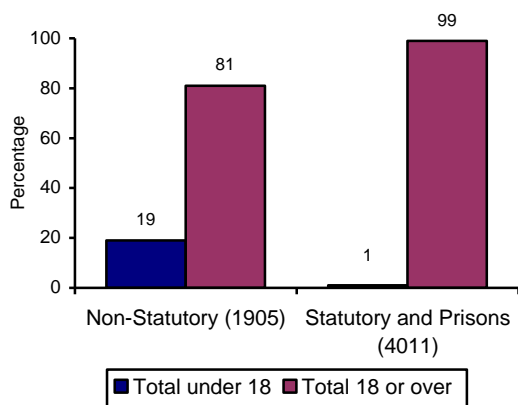
Figure 4. Service type and gender of individuals in treatment: 1st March 2012



Age

6.3 A majority of those in treatment in statutory agencies (including prisons) were aged 18 years or over (99%; 3970 individuals). In non-statutory agencies, approximately four fifths (81%; 1548 individuals) of those in treatment were aged 18 years or over (Figure 5; Table 7).

Figure 5. Service type and age group of individuals in treatment: 1st March 2012



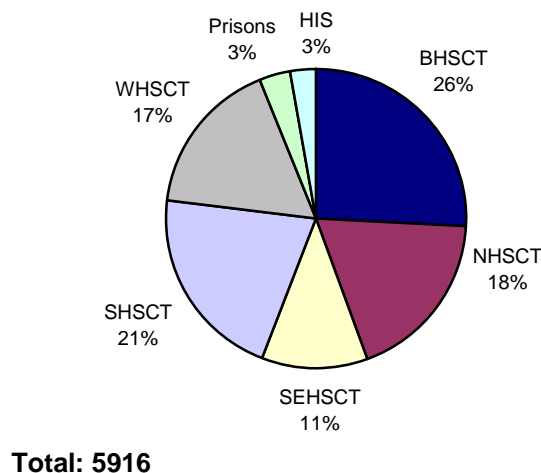
Gender and age

6.4 Of those in contact with non-statutory treatment services on 1st March 2012, just over four fifths (82%) of males were aged 18 years or over, with a similar proportion (80%) of females aged 18 years or over (Table 8). In statutory services (including prisons), a majority of both males and females (99%) were aged 18 years or over (Table 8).

7. Health & Social Care Trust

7.1 Approximately one quarter (26%; 1536 individuals) of those in treatment on 1st March 2012 were in the Belfast Health and Social Care Trust and approximately one fifth were in the Southern HSCT (21%; 1240 individuals). Just under one fifth were in the Northern HSCT (18%; 1094 individuals) and Western HSCT (17%; 1015 individuals) while approximately one tenth were in the South Eastern HSCT (11%; 675 individuals). A further 3% (184 individuals) were receiving treatment from Prison-based services and 3% (172 individuals) were recorded on the Hospital Information System (HIS) (Figure 6; Table 9).

Figure 6. Proportion of Individuals in treatment in each HSCT: 1st March 2012



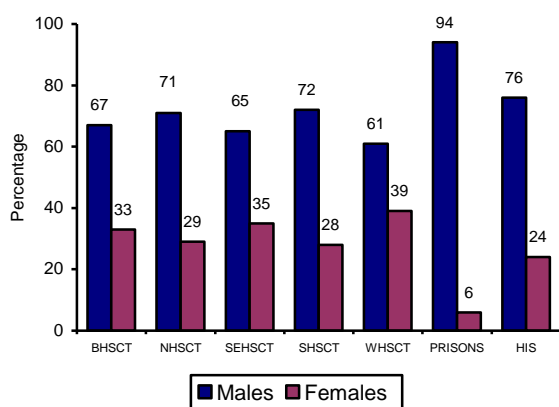
Treatment type

7.2 Across the five Health and Social Care Trusts the largest proportion of individuals in treatment for alcohol misuse was in the Southern HSCT (72%), followed by the Western (56%), Northern (53%), South Eastern (49%) and Belfast HSCT (36%). The largest proportion of those in treatment for drug misuse was in the Northern HSCT (39%), followed by the Belfast (31%), South Eastern (25%), Western (20%) and Southern HSCT (14%). The largest proportion of those in treatment for both alcohol and drug misuse was in the Belfast HSCT (33%), followed by the South Eastern (26%), Western (24%), Southern (15%) and Northern HSCT (8%) (Map 1; Table 9).

Gender

7.3 The majority of those in treatment on 1st March 2012 were male. This is true across all five Health and Social Care Trusts ranging from 61% (620 males) in the Western HSCT to 72% (891 males) in the Southern HSCT. In Prison-based services, 94% (173) were male compared to 76% (131) of those on the Hospital Inpatients System (HIS) (Figure 7; Table 10).

Figure 7. Gender and HSCT of individuals in treatment: 1st March 2012



Age

7.4 The majority of those in treatment on 1st March 2012 (93%; 5518 individuals) were aged 18 years or over. This is the case across each of the Health and Social Care Trusts of treatment, ranging from 88% in the Belfast HSCT to 99% in the South Eastern HSCT. (Table 11).

Gender and age

7.5 In each of the five Health and Social Care Trusts, the majority of both males and females receiving treatment were aged 18 years or over. The lowest proportion of males aged 18 years or over was in the Belfast HSCT (87%) while the lowest proportion of females aged 18 years or over was in the Belfast and Western HSCTs (90%). (Table 12).

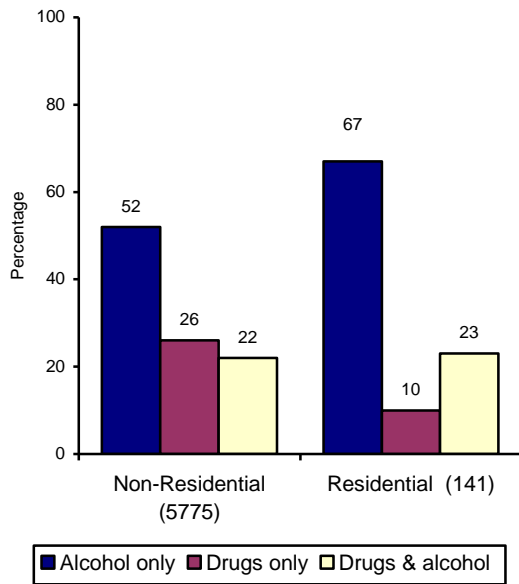
8. Residential status

8.1 Almost all (98%; 5775 individuals) of the individuals in treatment on 1st March 2012 were in treatment with non-residential services (Table 13).

8.2 In non-residential treatment services the largest proportion of individuals were in treatment for alcohol misuse (52%; 3017 individuals). Just over one quarter (26%; 1500 individuals) were in treatment for drug misuse, while 22% (1258 individuals) were in treatment for drug and alcohol misuse (Table 13).

8.3 Of the 141 individuals in residential treatment services the largest proportion of individuals were in treatment for alcohol misuse (67%; 94 individuals). One tenth (10%; 14 individuals) were in treatment for drug misuse, while 23% (33 individuals) were in treatment for drug and alcohol misuse (Figure 8; Table 13).

Figure 8. Residential status and treatment type of individuals in treatment: 1st March 2012



Gender

8.3 The pattern of misuse by gender was broadly similar across each of the residential categories, with a higher proportion of females than males being treated for alcohol misuse. In non-residential treatment services, 50% of males and 57% of females were in treatment for alcohol misuse, while in residential treatment services 62% of males and 77% of females were in treatment for alcohol misuse (Table 14).

Age

8.4 Of those in treatment in non-residential services, 7% were aged under 18 years (398 individuals), while 93% were 18 years or over (5377 individuals). Furthermore, in non-residential services the majority of those aged under 18 were in treatment for alcohol and drug misuse (53%, 210 individuals). All of those individuals (141) in residential treatment services were aged 18 years or over, with 67% (94 individuals) of these being in treatment for alcohol misuse (Table 15).

Gender and age

8.5 Of those in non-residential treatment services 94% (3714 individuals) of males and 92% of females (1663

individuals) were aged 18 years or over, while in residential treatment services all individuals (141 individuals) were aged 18 years or over (Table 16).

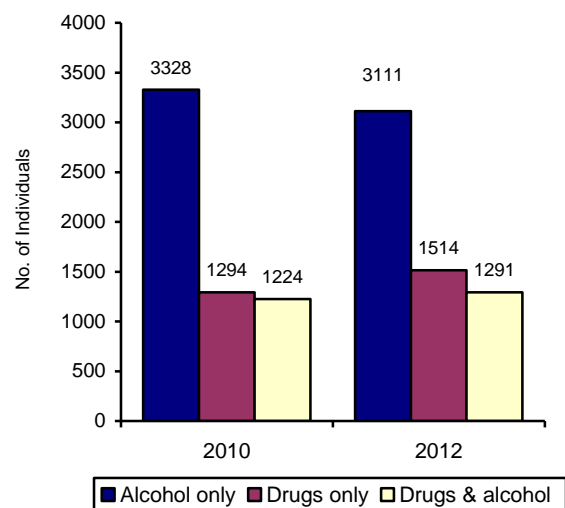
9. NI Comparisons with 2010 Census

9.1 The first ever Census of Drug and Alcohol Treatment Services in Northern Ireland was conducted on 1st March 2005, follow up Censuses were conducted on 1st March 2007 and 1st March 2010. The comparisons between the Census conducted on 1st March 2010 and the Census conducted on 1st March 2012 should be viewed with caution as there is not complete coverage of alcohol and drug treatment for both these years.

Treatment type

9.2 Between 1st March 2010 and 1st March 2012, the number of individuals reported as in treatment increased by 1% from 5846 to 5916, respectively. The number of individuals in treatment for alcohol misuse decreased by 7% over the period (from 3328 to 3111); those in treatment for drug misuse increased by 17% (from 1294 to 1514) and those in treatment for drugs and alcohol increased by 5% (from 1224 to 1291) (Figure 9; Table B1).

Figure 9. Treatment type of individuals in treatment: 1st March 2010 & 1st March 2012



Gender

9.3 The number of males decreased by 4% between 1st March 2010 and 1st March 2012 (from 4244 to 4066); the number of females in treatment increased by 15% (from 1602 to 1850) (Table B2).

Age

9.4 The number of individuals in treatment aged under 18 years decreased by 38% (from 644 to 398) between 1st March 2010 and 1st March 2012. The number of those in treatment aged 18 years or over increased by 6% (5202 in 2010 and 5518 in 2012) (Table B3).

HSCT

9.5 Between 1st March 2010 and 1st March 2012 the number of individuals in treatment in the Health and Social Care Trusts increased by 2% (from 5459 to 5560). The number of individuals in Prison-based treatment services decreased by 10% (from 205 to 184). Those recorded on the HIS decreased by 5% (from 182 to 172) (Table B4).

Agency type

9.6 Between 1st March 2010 and 1st March 2012 the number of individuals in treatment in statutory agencies decreased by 5% (from 4035 to 3827). In non-statutory treatment agencies the number of individuals in treatment increased by 19% (from 1606 to 1905). The number of those in treatment in Prison-based services fell by 10% (from 205 to 184) (Table B5).

10. Acknowledgements

PHIRB would like to thank all the treatment services that responded to this request for information for their cooperation in ensuring the provision of the data reported in this bulletin.

11. Editorial Notes

11.1 Percentages do not always add to 100 due to rounding.

11.2 Any comments or questions concerning the data contained in this publication, or requests for further information, should be addressed to:

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11.3 Further copies of this publication can be obtained from the above address, or online at:

http://www.dhsspsni.gov.uk/index/stats_research/stats-public-health/stats-drug-alcohol.htm

Many other statistical and research reports from the Department of Health, Social Services and Public Safety's Information and Analysis Directorate, in which PHIRB is located, are available from the DHSSPS website.

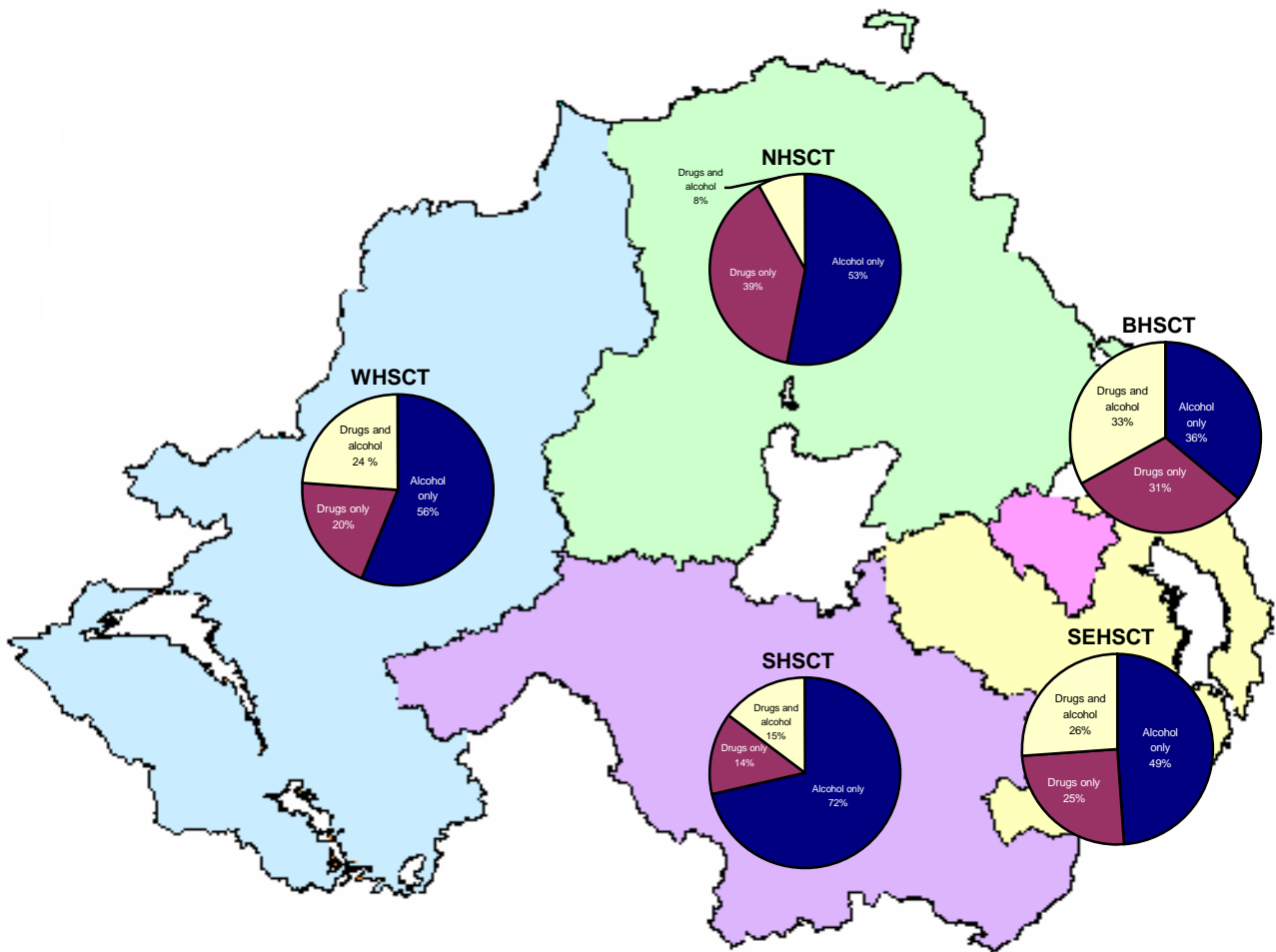
The Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency

11.4 The Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency (NISRA) is the principal source of official statistical information about Northern Ireland. Further information is available from the NISRA website at <http://www.nisra.gov.uk/> or via e-mail at info.nisra@dfpni.gov.uk.

ANNEX A – MAP & TABLES

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Map 1: HSCT and treatment type of individuals in treatment on 1st March 2012



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Table 1. Treatment type of individuals in treatment on 1st March 2012

<u>numbers and percentages</u>		
Treatment type	Number	%
Drugs only	1514	26
Alcohol only	3111	53
Drugs and alcohol	1291	22
TOTAL	5916	100

Table 2. Age and gender of individuals in treatment on 1st March 2012

<u>numbers and percentages</u>			
	Under 18	18 or Over	TOTAL
Males	258	3808	4066
Females	140	1710	1850
TOTAL	398	5518	5916

Percentages

Males	65	69	69
Females	35	31	31
TOTAL	100	100	100

Table 3. Gender and treatment type of individuals in treatment on 1st March 2012

<u>numbers and percentages</u>		
Gender and Treatment Type	Number	%
Male drugs only	1042	69
Female drugs only	472	31
Total drugs only	1514	100
Males alcohol only	2056	66
Female alcohol only	1055	34
Total alcohol only	3111	100
Male drugs and alcohol	968	75
Female drugs and alcohol	323	25
Total drugs and alcohol	1291	100
Total number of clients	5916	

Table 4. Age and treatment type of individuals in treatment on 1st March 2012

<u>numbers and percentages</u>		
Age and Treatment type	Number	%
Under 18 drugs only	97	6
18 or over drugs only	1417	94
Total drugs only	1514	100
Under 18 alcohol only	91	3
18 or over alcohol only	3020	97
Total alcohol only	3111	100
Under 18 drugs and alcohol	210	16
18 or over drugs and alcohol	1081	84
Total drugs and alcohol	1291	100
Total number of clients	5916	

Table 5. Treatment type of individuals in treatment by service type on 1st March 2012

	numbers and percentages			
	Non-Statutory	Statutory	Prisons	TOTAL
Drugs only	309	1155	50	1514
Alcohol only	851	2228	32	3111
Drugs and alcohol	745	444	102	1291
TOTAL	1905	3827	184	5916

Percentages

Drugs only	16	30	27	26
Alcohol only	45	58	17	53
Drugs and alcohol	39	12	55	22
TOTAL	100	100	100	100

Table 6. Gender and treatment type of individuals in treatment by service type on 1st March 2012

	numbers and percentages		
	Non-Statutory	Statutory and Prisons ⁽¹⁾	TOTAL
Male drugs only	221	821	1042
Male alcohol only	509	1547	2056
Male drugs and alcohol	539	429	968
Total males	1269	2797	4066
Female drugs only	88	384	472
Female alcohol only	342	713	1055
Female drugs and alcohol	206	117	323
Total females	636	1214	1850
TOTAL	1905	4011	5916
 <u>Percentages</u>			
Male drugs only	17	29	26
Male alcohol only	40	55	51
Male drugs and alcohol	42	15	24
Total males	100	100	100
Female drugs only	14	32	26
Female alcohol only	54	59	57
Female drugs and alcohol	32	10	17
Total females	100	100	100
TOTAL	100	100	100

⁽¹⁾ The Statutory Services and Prisons categories have been combined as some cells contained counts of less than five; this is to ensure individuals cannot be identified.

Table 7. Age and treatment type of individuals in treatment by service type on 1st March 2012

	numbers and percentages ⁽¹⁾		
	Non-Statutory	Statutory and Prisons ⁽²⁾	TOTAL
Under 18 drugs only	-	-	97
Under 18 alcohol only	-	-	91
Under 18 drugs and alcohol	189	21	210
Total under 18	357	41	398
18 or over drugs only	228	1189	1417
18 or over alcohol only	764	2256	3020
18 or over drugs and alcohol	556	525	1081
Total 18 or over	1548	3970	5518
TOTAL	1905	4011	5916

Percentages

Under 18 drugs only	-	-	24
Under 18 alcohol only	-	-	23
Under 18 drugs and alcohol	53	51	53
Total under 18	100	100	100
18 or over drugs only	15	30	26
18 or over alcohol only	49	57	55
18 or over drugs and alcohol	36	13	20
Total 18 or over	100	100	100

⁽¹⁾ The breakdown of age and treatment type of individuals by service type is not presented fully as some cells were masked to hide counts of less than five and some (with counts more than five) to prevent the value in another cell from being calculated; this is to ensure individuals cannot be identified.

⁽²⁾ The Statutory Services and Prisons categories have been combined as some cells contained counts of less than five; this is to ensure individuals cannot be identified.

Table 8. Age and gender of individuals in treatment by service type on 1st March 2012

	<u>numbers and percentages</u>		
	Non-Statutory	Statutory and Prisons ⁽¹⁾	TOTAL
Males under 18	227	31	258
Males 18 or over	1042	2766	3808
Total males	1269	2797	4066
Females under 18	130	10	140
Females 18 or over	506	1204	1710
Total females	636	1214	1850
TOTAL	1905	4011	5916

Percentages

Males under 18	18	1	6
Males 18 or over	82	99	94
Total males	100	100	100
Females under 18	20	1	8
Females 18 or over	80	99	92
Total females	100	100	100

⁽¹⁾ The Statutory Services and Prisons categories have been combined as some cells contained counts of less than five; this is to ensure individuals cannot be identified.

Table 9. Treatment type of individuals in treatment by HSCT of treatment on 1st March 2012

	numbers and percentages ⁽¹⁾							
	BHSCT ⁽²⁾	NHSCT	SEHSCT	SHSCT	WHSCT	PRISONS	HIS	TOTAL
Drugs only	476	430	170	172	201	-	-	1514
Alcohol only	558	579	332	887	567	32	156	3111
Drugs and alcohol	502	85	173	181	247	-	-	1291
TOTAL	1536	1094	675	1240	1015	184	172	5916

Percentages

Drugs only	31	39	25	14	20	-	-	26
Alcohol only	36	53	49	72	56	17	91	53
Drugs and alcohol	33	8	26	15	24	-	-	22
TOTAL	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

⁽¹⁾ The breakdown of treatment type of individuals in treatment by HSCT is not presented fully as some cells were masked to hide counts of less than five and some (with counts more than five) to prevent the value in another cell from being calculated; this is to ensure individuals cannot be identified.

⁽²⁾ The total of those in treatment in the Belfast Trust contains a small number of individuals from other Health and Social Care Trusts. This is due to the submission of combined figures by two agencies that provide treatment services in more than one HSCT.

Table 10. Gender and treatment type of individuals in treatment by HSCT of treatment on 1st March 2012

	numbers and percentages ⁽¹⁾							
	BHSCT ⁽²⁾	NHSCT	SEHSCT	SHSCT	WHSCT	PRISONS	HIS	TOTAL
Male drugs only	281	328	117	134	130	-	-	1042
Male alcohol only	370	392	197	620	327	28	122	2056
Male drugs and alcohol	381	61	124	137	163	-	-	968
Total males	1032	781	438	891	620	173	131	4066
Female drugs only	195	102	53	38	71	6	7	472
Female alcohol only	188	187	135	267	240	-	-	1055
Female drugs and alcohol	121	24	49	44	84	-	-	323
Total females	504	313	237	349	395	11	41	1850
TOTAL	1536	1094	675	1240	1015	184	172	5916

Percentages

Male drugs only	27	42	27	15	21	-	-	26
Male alcohol only	36	50	45	70	53	16	93	51
Male drugs and alcohol	37	8	28	15	26	-	-	24
Total males	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Female drugs only	39	33	22	11	18	55	17	26
Female alcohol only	37	60	57	77	61	-	-	57
Female drugs and alcohol	24	8	21	13	21	-	-	17
Total females	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

⁽¹⁾ The breakdown of gender and treatment type of individuals in treatment by HSCT of treatment is not presented fully as some cells were masked to hide counts of less than five and some (with counts more than five) to prevent the value in another cell from being calculated; this is to ensure individuals cannot be identified.

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Table 11. Age and treatment type of individuals in treatment by HSCT of treatment on 1st March 2012

numbers and percentages⁽¹⁾

	BHSCT ⁽²⁾	NHSCT	SEHSCT	SHSCT	WHSCT	PRISONS/HIS	TOTAL
Under 18 drugs only	52	14	-	8	22	-	97
Under 18 alcohol only	29	14	-	21	22	-	91
Under 18 drugs and alcohol	109	21	-	33	38	-	210
Total under 18	190	49	9	62	82	6	398
18 or over drugs only	424	416	169	164	179	65	1417
18 or over alcohol only	529	565	331	866	545	184	3020
18 or over drugs and alcohol	393	64	166	148	209	101	1081
Total 18 or over	1346	1045	666	1178	933	350	5518
TOTAL	1536	1094	675	1240	1015	356	5916

Percentages

Under 18 drugs only	27	29	-	13	27	-	24
Under 18 alcohol only	15	29	-	34	27	-	23
Under 18 drugs and alcohol	57	43	-	53	46	-	53
Total under 18	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
18 or over drugs only	32	40	25	14	19	19	26
18 or over alcohol only	39	54	50	74	58	53	55
18 or over drugs and alcohol	29	6	25	13	22	29	20
Total 18 or over	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

⁽¹⁾ The breakdown of gender and treatment type of individuals in treatment by HSCT of treatment is not presented fully as some cells were masked to hide counts of less than five and some (with counts more than five) to prevent the value in another cell from being calculated; this is to ensure individuals cannot be identified.

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Table 12. Age and gender of individuals in treatment by HSCT of treatment on 1st March 2012

	numbers and percentages ⁽¹⁾						
	BHSCT ⁽²⁾	NHSCT	SEHSCT	SHSCT	WHSCT	PRISONS/ HIS	TOTAL
Males under 18	139	32	-	36	43	-	258
Males 18 or over	893	749	-	855	577	-	3808
Total males	1032	781	438	891	620	304	4066
Females under 18	51	17	-	26	39	-	140
Females 18 or over	453	296	-	323	356	-	1710
Total females	504	313	237	349	395	52	1850
TOTAL	1536	1094	675	1240	1015	356	5916

Percentages

Males under 18	13	4	-	4	7	-	6
Males 18 or over	87	96	-	96	93	-	94
Total males	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Females under 18	10	5	-	7	10	-	8
Females 18 or over	90	95	-	93	90	-	92
Total females	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

⁽¹⁾ The breakdown of gender and treatment type of individuals in treatment by HSCT of treatment is not presented fully as some cells were masked to hide counts of less than five and some (with counts more than five) to prevent the value in another cell from being calculated; this is to ensure individuals cannot be identified.

⁽²⁾ The total of those in treatment in the Belfast Trust contains a small number of individuals from other Health and Social Care Trusts. This is due to the submission of combined figures by one agency that provides treatment services in more than one HSCT.

Table 13. Treatment type of individuals in treatment by residential status on 1st March 2012

	<u>numbers and percentages</u>		
	Non-Residential	Residential	TOTAL
Drugs only	1500	14	1514
Alcohol only	3017	94	3111
Drugs and alcohol	1258	33	1291
TOTAL	5775	141	5916

Percentages

Drugs only	26	10	26
Alcohol only	52	67	53
Drugs and alcohol	22	23	22
TOTAL	100	100	100

Table 14. Gender and treatment type of individuals in treatment by residential status on 1st March 2012

	numbers and percentages ⁽¹⁾		
	Non-Residential	Residential	TOTAL
Male drugs only	1029	13	1042
Male alcohol only	1998	58	2056
Male drugs and alcohol	945	23	968
Total males	3972	94	4066
Female drugs only	-	-	472
Female alcohol only	1019	36	1055
Female drugs and alcohol	-	-	323
Total females	1803	47	1850
TOTAL	5775	141	5916

Percentages

Male drugs only	26	14	26
Male alcohol only	50	62	51
Male drugs and alcohol	24	24	24
Total males	100	100	100
Female drugs only	-	-	26
Female alcohol only	57	77	57
Female drugs and alcohol	-	-	17
Total females	100	100	100

⁽¹⁾ The breakdown of gender and treatment type of individuals in treatment by residential status is not presented fully as some cells were masked to hide counts of less than five and some (with counts more than five) to prevent the value in another cell from being calculated; this is to ensure individuals cannot be identified.

Table 15. Age and treatment type of individuals in treatment by residential status on 1st March 2012

	Non-Residential	Residential	TOTAL
Under 18 drugs only	97	0	97
Under 18 alcohol only	91	0	91
Under 18 drugs and alcohol	210	0	210
Total under 18	398	0	398
18 or over drugs only	1403	14	1417
18 or over alcohol only	2926	94	3020
18 or over drugs and alcohol	1048	33	1081
Total 18 or over	5377	141	5518
TOTAL	5775	141	5916

Percentages

Under 18 drugs only	24	0	24
Under 18 alcohol only	23	0	23
Under 18 drugs and alcohol	53	0	53
Total under 18	100	100	100
18 or over drugs only	26	10	26
18 or over alcohol only	54	67	55
18 or over drugs and alcohol	19	23	20
Total 18 or over	100	100	100

Table 16. Age and gender of individuals in treatment by residential status on 1st March 2012

	numbers and percentages		
	Non-Residential	Residential	TOTAL
Males under 18	258	0	258
Males 18 or over	3714	94	3808
Total males	3972	94	4066
Females under 18	140	0	140
Females 18 or over	1663	47	1710
Total females	1803	47	1850
TOTAL	5775	141	5916

Percentages

Males under 18	6	0	6
Males 18 or over	94	100	94
Total males	100	100	100
Females under 18	8	0	8
Females 18 or over	92	100	92
Total females	100	100	100

ANNEX B – NI Comparative Tables

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Table B1. Treatment type of individuals in treatment

numbers and percentages

Treatment Type	1 st March 2007		1 st March 2010		1 st March 2012		% change 2010-2012
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	
Drugs only	1118	20	1294	22	1514	26	+17%
Alcohol only	3476	62	3328	57	3111	53	- 7%
Drugs and alcohol	989	18	1224	21	1291	22	+5%
Total	5583	100	5846	100	5916	100	+1%

Table B2. Gender of individuals in treatment

numbers and percentages

Gender	1 st March 2007		1 st March 2010		1 st March 2012		% change 2010-2012
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	
Males	3686	66	4244	73	4066	69	-4%
Females	1897	34	1602	27	1850	31	+15%
Total	5583	100	5846	100	5916	100	+1%

Table B3. Age of individuals in treatment

numbers and percentages

Age	1 st March 2007		1 st March 2010		1 st March 2012		% change 2010-2012
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	
Under 18	847	15	644	11	398	7	-38%
18 or over	4736	85	5202	89	5518	93	+6%
Total	5583	100	5846	100	5916	100	+1%

Table B4. Health & Social Care Trust of treatment

numbers and percentages

HSCT	1 st March 2007		1 st March 2010		1 st March 2012		% change 2010-2012
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	
All HSCTs	5185	93	5459	93	5560	94	+2%
Prisons	257	5	205	4	184	3	-10%
HIS	141	3	182	3	172	3	-5%
Total	5583	100	5846	100	5916	100	+1%

Table B5. Service type of individuals in treatment

numbers and percentages

Service type	1 st March 2007		1 st March 2010 ⁽¹⁾		1 st March 2012		% change 2010-2012
	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	
Non-statutory	1741	31	1606	27	1905	32	19%
Statutory	3585	64	4035	69	3827	65	-5%
Prisons	257	5	205	4	184	3	-10%
Total	5583	100	5846	100	5916	100	+1%

⁽¹⁾ Figures for 1st March 2010 have been revised.

ANNEX C – CENSUS FORM:

**CENSUS OF DRUG AND/OR ALCOHOL MISUSE
IN NORTHERN IRELAND**

Monday 1st March 2012 at Midnight

Organisation Name
Organisation Location

Drug Misuse Database Reference (*if applicable*)

Contact Name
Contact Telephone Number

Please complete the table below to show the number of individuals (live cases where a person is being treated on a one-to-one basis) in treatment for either Drugs misuse, Alcohol misuse or both Drug and Alcohol misuse, at midnight on Monday 1st March 2010.

	Males		Females	
	Less than 18 years old (Born on, or after 1 st March 1994)	18 years old or older (Born before 1 st March 1994)	Less than 18 years old (Born on, or after 1 st March 1994)	18 years old or older (Born before 1 st March 1994)
<u>DRUGS</u> only				
<u>ALCOHOL</u> only				
Both <u>DRUGS & ALCOHOL</u>				

PLEASE RETURN THIS FORM EITHER ELECTRONICALLY TO:
phirb@dhsspsni.gov.uk

OR BY POST TO:
Public Health Information and Research Branch
DHSSPS
Annex 2
Castle Buildings
Stormont
BELFAST
BT4 3SQ

ANNEX D – DATA FROM THE HOSPITAL INPATIENT SYSTEM

The Hospital Inpatient System (HIS) is maintained within DHSSPS, by Hospital Information Branch (HIB).

The Hospital Inpatients System (HIS) has been designed to process information relating to in-patient stays in hospital. The source information for the HIS is the Patient Administration System (PAS) resident in hospital sites throughout Northern Ireland.

Information from the HIS has been included within the Statutory Services group for this report.

It should be noted that the HIS data examined excludes patients in Mental Health Hospitals and Mental Health Related Specialties.

HIS records details of the patient's primary diagnosis and up to six secondary diagnoses. The ICD 10 codes F10 to F19 have been used to identify mental and behavioural disorders due to substance use as outlined in the table below.

Some individuals were in hospital with more than one of these diagnoses.

ICD 10 Code	Description
F10	Mental and behavioural disorders due to use of alcohol
F11	Mental and behavioural disorders due to use of opioids
F12	Mental and behavioural disorders due to use of cannabinoids
F13	Mental and behavioural disorders due to use of sedatives or hypnotics
F14	Mental and behavioural disorders due to use of cocaine
F15	Mental and behavioural disorders due to use of other stimulants, including caffeine
F16	Mental and behavioural disorders due to use of hallucinogens
F18	Mental and behavioural disorders due to use of volatile solvents
F19	Mental and behavioural disorders due to multiple drug use and use of other psychoactive substances

Due to the wide range of data information recorded, annual and financial year datasets are not closed until some 6 months after the end of the financial year concerned, i.e. September each year. For this reason, information relating to 1st March 2012 would not be available until September 2012. Consequently HIS information for 30th September 2011 is used in this study as the best proxy for the information that will eventually be available for March 2012.

Recent and Future Publications from the Public Health Information and Research Branch

Statistical Bulletins

Number	Title	Publication Date
2/2012	<i>Census of Drug and Alcohol Treatment Services in Northern Ireland: 1st March 2012</i>	June 2012
3/2012	<i>Statistics on Smoking Cessation Services in Northern Ireland: 2010/11</i>	September 2012
4/2012	Statistics from the Northern Ireland Drug Misuse Database: 1 April 2011 – 31 March 2012	October 2012

Results from the 2010/2011 Drug Prevalence Survey Published jointly with the National Advisory Committee on Drugs, Ireland

Number	Title	Publication Date
Bulletin 2	<i>Drug Use in Ireland and Northern Ireland: Bulletin 2: Second Results from the 2010/11 Drug Prevalence Survey</i>	June 2012
Bulletin 6	<i>Drug Use in Ireland and Northern Ireland - Bulletin 6: Sedatives or Tranquilisers and Anti-depressants Results</i>	September/October 2012 (provisional)
	<i>Drug Use in Ireland and Northern Ireland -Legal Highs, Cocaine, Amphetamines/Stimulants Results</i>	December 2012 (provisional)

Research Reports

Title	Publication Date
<i>Health Survey Northern Ireland 2011/12: Headline Results</i>	September 2012

Copies of these publications can be obtained on-line at:
http://www.dhsspsni.gov.uk/index/stats_research/stats-public-health.htm